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McKean County Miner.

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First Classin every respect.

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Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at any time, Day or Night

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PICTURE FRAMES, ETC.,

of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

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The undersigned has opened in his new building on

Mechanic St., Near Iron Bridge,

a new Furniture Warehouse, where he will keep a full stock of

PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,

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HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Of All Kinds.

GOOD STOCK AND FAIR PRICES

Patronage solicited.

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Shaving & Hair-Dressing

in the highest style of the Art.

A supply of COLLARS, CUFFS, and toilet goods constantly on hand.

Hair Dressing.

HAIR SWITCHES, made from combings, puffs, frizes, &c., made to order in the most

DURABLE

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LATEST STYLES.

Ladies are invited to call at her residence in Mechanicsburg.

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NEW MEAT MARKET.

In the basement of the Wright House,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The undersigned having purchased of Wm. Ogilvie the good will and fixtures of his meat market would respectfully announce to the citizens of Smethport that they are prepared to furnish

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,

Fish, Lard, etc.,

as low as the market will allow. An inspection of goods and prices is invited.

F. O. & A. WRIGHT.
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FRESH MILK

Delivered every Morning

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2	3½	24	40	1,000	$150
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Also, Spark Arresting Portables and Stationary Engines for Plastic tions. Send for Circulars. 15-19

SELECT POETRY.

The Husbandman.

Give fools their gold and knaves their power,
Let fortune's bubbles rise and fall;
Who sows a field or trains a flower,
Or plants a tree, is more than all.

For he who blesses most is blest:
And God and man shall own his worth
Who toils to leave at his bequest
An added beauty to the earth.

And, soon or late, to all that sow
The time of harvest shall be given:
The flower shall bloom, the fruit shall grow,
If not on earth, at last in Heaven!

—*John G. Whittier.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Story of a Life.

"Miss Cameron."

Leonie Cameron, lazily looking out of a bay-window upon a garden flaming with autumn tints and sunset glow, lifted a pair of soft, dark eyes to Mrs. Tollman's face. It was an anxious face just at that moment, and, being usually full of happy contents, the anxiety was very apparent to Leonie. So, after her first careless glance, she straightened herself in her low chair and said, quietly, yet with every appearance of interest.

"What's the matter?"

An awkward pause followed that question.

Mrs. Tollman fidgeted under the inquiring glance of the dark eyes, cleared her throat twice, and finally said, with nervous emphasis:

"John Furber."

Miss Cameron's face seemed to freeze. It was a very beautiful face, with pride for a leading expression. Sweetness lurked in the mouth, intellect beamed from the radiant black eyes, but pride shadowed all. It carried the small head gracefully erect, it swept the folds of the rich dresses with a regal motion. It touched the small patrician hands, and was evident in the well modulated tones of the refined voice.

"There," Mrs. Tollman said, despairingly, "I've made you mad already, and haven't said anything."

"I am not mad," Leonie answered, and there certainly lurked a smile in her mouth at the good woman's consternation. "But you have not told me what troubles you."

"It's—it's John, Miss Cameron, and—then rapidly, as if the words were forced by a fear of her own inability to finish her self-appointed task, she hurried on. "He's my nephew, miss, as you know, though his father is a rich man, very rich and John is above his mother's place in her life. She's dead, and John was spoiled somewhere between the year she died and two years ago. I don't know where he took to bad ways. He was brought up as an idler upon his father's money, and from idleness to drinking, gambling; and bad ways is an easy road. His father is a hard man, and he thrust him out nearly a year ago and disinherited him. He came here, for I love him. I've nothing else to love; husband and children are in the graveyard, so I love John."

There was a piteous pleading in the woman's face, but Leonie's was blank, save an air of polite interest.

"He was more desperate when he came here, but I've coaxed him up a little. But—but—O, Miss Cameron, you know what I want to say. You are beautiful, rich—a lady far above me in education and position, and only staying here for country quiet. I've no right to find fault, but—but—don't flirt with John. He is in trouble, despondent, disinherited, and he's falling in love with you as fast as he can. I believe if you play with him he will kill himself, body and soul."

Fairly out of breath with her own earnest utterance, Mrs. Tollman paused looking pleadingly in Leonie Cameron's face. The expression of polite interest never wavered as the young lady said:

"If I understood you aright, you wish me to ignore your nephew. It is not so easy, as he is in your house, so I had better leave it."

"Goodness!" cried the widow, aghast at the interpretation of her words. "I never meant that. Where can you find another boarding place near here?"

"I can return to London."

"I've put my foot in it. John will never forgive me," said Mrs. Tollman, disconsolately.

But there was no sympathy in Leonie's face, and she turned away at last, perplexed and more anxious than ever. And Leonie, sinking back in her chair again, looked at the sunset clouds and variegated foliage, and thought perhaps it was time to return to London.

She had come to S——, weary with a round of fashionable life, tired of flattery, dancing, flirting, and she had found rest and quiet under Mrs. Tollman's motherly care. She was rich, richer far than the landlady had any idea of; but she had no near relatives, only a second cousin to keep her lonely home and play propriety.

Society constituted itself her amateur guardian, and laying back in her cushioned chair, in the sunset glow, she wondered indolently what society would say about John Furber. It would grant him a rare perfection of manly beauty, of face and form, and forgive the evident traces of dissipation, if it was only known that he was the son of a rich man and had been educated an idler by profession. But in what holy horror it would turn away with uplifted hands when it was known that he was disinherited, with no home but a room in the house of a widowed aunt eking out her narrow income by taking boarders. It would smile at his biting sarcasms, his brilliant conversation, his cynical sneers, if he was reinstated in his father's favor, but how rude these would be in a poor man.

Leonie, from thinking of society's opinion, quite unconciously glided into considering her own. This dark-browed man had made a fair portion of her summer pleasures for three months, and had been her cavalier in many country walks, drives and sails, and quoted poetry under trees, sung in a superb baritone upon the murmering waters, looked into her eyes on a moonlit porch, and whispered delicately-worded flattery. No more than many another man had done. Beauty and rich, Miss Cameron had looked upon more than one languishing suitor, and had forgotten him when her amusement wearied her. Scarcely a flirt, for she encouraged no downright love making, but a beautiful, facinating woman who wounded hearts with merely careless grace.

Musing in the sunset, it was impressed upon her proud heart that unconsciously she had poisoned a life that was already sinking. There were capabilities for better things than dissipation or suicide in John Furbur, and she shivered as she thought he might be upon some dangerous precipice, waiting for the clasp of the hand to draw him back, or its repulse to thrush him over. She passed in review her host of male friends, and found none who had wakened her heart to hours of such keen pleasure as John Furber had given her. She tried to recall one mind whose grasp of intellect had dwarfed her mind as his had done who had met her fairly in so many arguments and worsted her, and she could only remember soft flattery of her "wonderful mind."

Finally, lifting her eyes with a soft sigh, she saw him leaning against a tree opposite the low window looking at her. A vivid flush stained her cheek as he said:

"What can you have been thinking of? You have not stirred for half an hour.—Only that your eyes were open, I should have thought you were asleep."

"Your powers of observation are marvelous," she answered lighly. "I was dreaming."

"Of what?"

"The world in general, my world in particular. It is almost time I returned there."

She was prepared for some slight show of regret, but not for the ghastly change in his face.

She shuddered, remembering his aunt's words.

"Going away! Why, of course you would be soon," he said, trying to speak carelessly, while his eyes hungrily devoured her face, and his white parched lips were drawn as if in sharp physical pain.

"I have been here three months," she said feeling her own heart ache at his misery.

"Yes, yes! You will go, certainly."

"And you," she said very gently, "you will be in the city I presume. I should be glad to welcome you to my house."

"No," he said, harshly; "I will not take such advantage of your kindness. I am a man your friends would tell you to shun, Miss cameron—a man who has wasted his life until it is too late to take up the threads now. You do not know, perhaps, that my aunt keeps me from charity?"

"I know you have offended your father," she answered; "but you are a man scarcely thirty, and it is cowardly to talk of despair at your age."

Her words cut him like a whip lash. The dark blood mounted to his forehead as he repeated:

"Coward! I might fight the world yet, but," and here his tone was bitter, and strangely pathetic, "the battle is scarcely worth winning. What would I gain? Money? I do not value it. Position? I have thrown it behind me. I have played the fool, and I must take the fool's wages."

"I will not have you say so," she said, roused by an earnestness she had never intended to betray. "You shall not uselessly throw away your life."

A hope sprang to his eyes, new there, lighting them to dazzling radiance.

"Miss Cameron—Leonie," he cried, "were there a prize to win, were one's heart's hopes centered upon me, I would trample down these demons of temptation. I would prove myself a man if I had any motive."

There was no mistaking the prayer in his eye, the pleading in his voice.

Only a moment, close to the low window, before a hand like a snow-flake fell upon his shoulder, a voice low and sweet, murmured low in his ear.

"Be a man for my sake."

She was gone before he spoke again, and he wandered off to the woods to muse upon the possibility of this new life.

The next day Mrs. Tollman lost her summer boarder. Society, languidly contemplating Miss Cameron for the next three years found her eccentric.

She was gay and grave by flashes, facinating in either mood, but she was mysteriously unapproachable.

The bravest suitor found himself met at the point where friendly attentions merge into lover's devotion by a wall of icy reserve that was impassable. She had never flirted, but she had the reputation of a flirt, because she was popular and admired, and remained single until she was twenty-seven. She was known to be truthful, and she had distinctly told several inquisitive friends that she was not engaged, so there was not even the spice of romance of the gossip.

S—— knew her not in those three years but Mrs. Tollman was the recipient of various hampers of city delicacies from her, and would acknowledge the same by letter.

One of these dated three years after the beautiful Miss Cameron left S——, after elaborately thanking the young lady for a hamper of dainties, added:

"Do you remember my nephew, John Furber? He left me the day after you did, and I fretted more than a little.—But he took a turn for good; heaven be thanked. He worked himself up, and to-day he writes me he has made friends with his father again, and is to be taken partner in a commercial house. His father's to buy it; but John's earned a place too by hard honest work. O, my dear, I'm happier than I ever thought to be. Perhaps you've heard of the house in London that John is in. But I'll tire you writing about my affairs. I wouldn't only I thought perhaps you'll remember John."

"In London," Leonie murmured; "so near me all these three years, and yet never seeking me. Was I too bold? Did I drive him away by showing my heart too plainly? Well, even so, I am glad. I gave him the first start toward an honorable manhood. Remember him? Yes, Mrs. Tollman, I do remember John."

She had folded the letter and was dressing for the opera, when a visitor was announced.

"What a barbarous hour!" she murmured, not looking at the card. "In a few minutes, Jane."

She was robed in her fleecy dress of white lace, over pale blue silk, and clasped diamonds on her throat and wrists and in the little ears, when, as she took the opera cloak from the maid's hand, she looked at the card:

"John Furber."

A great heart throb sent the blood over her brow and neck; and it faded, leaving only a soft tint upon the fair cheeks, and in the dark eyes a light of happiness harmonizing well with the smiling lips.

She looked like some visitant from another world, in the radiance of her beauty, as she came across the wide drawing-room to the window where he stood.

He had not heard her light step, but he turned when she was near, showing the stamp of his better life in his noble face.

He held out his hand, looking earnestly into her face, and seeing she only spoke a happy truth as, taking it, she said:

"I am glad to see you."

"Leonie," he said, "you gave me a hope three years ago that has borne me above temptation and suffering to a position where I am not ashamed to look any man in the face; Leonie, you bade me——"

Blushing brightly, she took up the words as he paused.

"To be a man, John, for my sake."

"And I obeyed you, my love, my darling. I have come for my reward, Leonie, loving you with all my heart, daring now to ask for your love in return."

So, society had a ripple of sensation in a fashionable wedding when John Furber married Miss Leonie Cameron.

But only you and I, reader, know the romance of the summer in S——, or how John Furber redeemed his manhood for Leonie's sake.

Josh Billing's Philosophy.

The things that we are positively certain of are few and very seldom in our favor.

The laborer is worthy of his hire, but the hire is not always worthy of his laborer.

The cunning man is welcome to his victory; as for me, I had rather be a common fool than a cunning cuss.

Men are never so happy and seldom so innocent spending their money as they are in making it.

There are lots of folks who are never satisfied with the best there is, but always want something better.

It don't require much genius to find fault with the crooks in a dog's tail, but to straighten them out does.

Next to a clear conscience, for solid comfort comes an old shoe.

The more a man studies himself, the less fault he will find in his labor.

The hardest working, and the poorest paid people in this world, are those who have nothing to do.

As a general rule the folks who ought to succeed are those who do.

Young sinner, recollect one thing, whatever you get dishonestly you have got to divide with the devil, and he always takes the lion's share.

What a man gets of this world's goods by accident, he is very apt to lose in the same way.

The world is full of sublime truths, and yet some people spend their time hunting after vapid curiosities.

When I was a young man I was always crazy to take hold of the big end of the log, and do all the lifting; now I am older, I seize hold of the small end and do all the grunting.

We all pray for a long life, but few of us pray for a good one.

If we would grant to others the same privileges that we claim for ourselves, it would almost pay to live forever in this world.

There is not a cheaper creature in all creation than the man who is trying to live on the reputation of money that he has squandered foolishly.

Pleasure is the most risky kind of happiness.

Epitaph on a Miser.

Here lies one who lived unloved, and died unlamented, who denied himself comfort, assistance to his friends, and relief to the poor; who starved his family, oppressed his neighbors and plagued himself to gain what he could not enjoy. At last, death, more merciful to him than he was to himself, released him from care, and his family from want: and here he lies, with the muckworm he imitated, and with the soil he loved; in fear of a resurrection, lest his heirs should have spent the money he left behind, having laid up no treasure where moth and rust do not corrupt, or thieves break through and steal.

NASBY A GREENBACKER.

He Issues Fiat Money at the Corners.

CONFEDRIT X. ROADS,
(Which is in the State of Kentucky.)
September 29, 1878.

The amount of prosperity the Corners is labrin under, just now, is mirackulus.

Me and Issaker Gavitt hes ishood over three hundred thousand dollars uv our fiat money, and ez I perdicted the Corners is prosperin to a degree that no one, not even myself, ez sangwin ez I am, never dreemed uv.

Issaker Gavitt and me hev quit ishoein fiat money, and the corn cannot harvest-en it in haul, so that it shell hev an offished look.

The money they ishoo reads thus:

"*This is a Dollar.*

Sekoored by the faith of Confedrit X Roads."

These bills is signed by the Mayor and clerk uv the corporashen, and ez they are printed in two colors with a green back, they look ez good ez any money I ever saw.

The question wuz how to git em into cirkelashen. Money ain't good for nothin unless it cirkelates, and so the council resolved on a system uv internal improvements to git em out.

Accordingly they let the follerin contrax:

A new City hall, to cost $250,000.

Publick skool bilding to cost $10,000. (This wuz considered extravagant, but the main pint is to git the money into cirkelashen.)

A ship canal to connect Confedrit Run with Sucker Crik. Ez ther ain't no water uv any nkkount in either, a ingenious system uv artesian wells hez to be bored, and sufficient water to float a steemboat is to be pumped into em by steem engines. The estimatid cost uv this necessary improvement is one million uv dollars.

A narrer guage railroad to connect the Corners with Secessionville on the Looisville road, cost $500,000.

A plank road to Davisville, to cost $80,000.

Steam fire engines and a complete fire department to cost $60,000.

This is ez fur as the council hez got, but other appropriations will be made for other improvements ez fast ez the money is wanted to git into cirkelashen, that being the main pint now.

The contrax wuz all let to citizens uv the Corners, mostly to members of the council, and they wuz all based on the price of a drink, plane, fifty cents. The counsel hed the money printed to pay the contrackters with. Ez we didn't want to wait long before the era uv prosperity sot in, it wuz votid that each contrakter shood hev an advance uv twenty-five per cent. on the amount uv his contrack, that the money mite be go into cirkelashun to wunst, and the good effex mite be felt immejitly. This wuz done, and some $500,000 wuz paid to em.

The effect is terific. The wages uv labrin men hez gone up to $7 a day and it is difficult to prokoor em at that. Whisky hez riz to fifty cents a drink without sugar, and seventy-five with. The groaning shoemaker wich used to git $5 for a pare of stogy boots, is getting $20 now, and he ain't particular about sellin even at that price. Everybody hez got all the money they want, and the Corners iz baskin in the beems uv unlimited prosperity. This fiat money is a big thing.

The only spot on our shinin sun is Bigler and Pollock. They refooze to tetch our money at all, and ez they keep goods wich we must have its inconvenient.—And then Joe goes about askin all sorts uv fool questions. He wants to know who's ever goin to redeem the mony?—He wants to know wat good this money is agoin to be in Looisville where our supplies come from primarily? He wants to know who is agoin to pay the taxes for all these improvements, and how we will feel when the bubble busts and we are left with a immense debt onto our shoulders?

I answered him that he didn't know nothin about financeerin. That the very essence of fiat money wux that it wuzn't never to be redeemed, that the people wuz a takin it for their goods and labor, and that they would pay it out for more goods and labor, and that it wood keep on forever in one endlis round.

"But," sed Josef, "the contrackters hev got to hev iron and tools things, and the laborers hev got to hev shoes and a great deal uv licker, and a little suthin to eat occasionally. It's all very well so long ez they kin trade among themselves, but how will it be in Looisville? Will they take it there?"

That is the cloud that hangs over us. Will they take it in Looisville, where we hev to buy our goods?

We must move on the legislacher and get the state to adopt the corners' idee, and then we must go to Congris and compel the ishooin uv fiat money by the general government, making it legle tender wherever the flag floats. And that it may be got into cirkelashen the general government must be paternal, and must imitate the corners in the matter uv internal improvements. There must be a ship canal from Chicago to Toledo, the Erie canal must be enlarged so as to pass the Great Eastern, the whole Mississippi Valley must be kivered with levees and everything else, there must be custom houses and postoffices built in every city and village, and az for railroads, Lord bless us, they must be built from everywhere to everywhere, and all at the expense uv the government, for the purpus of gittin fiat money into cirkelashen in sufficient volums to meet the requirements uv trade. Ef the bloated bondholders want to keep their bonds, all rite, only they must take principal and interest in this kind uv money.—There ez any hold abroad should be repoodiated to wunst, and hev dune with em.

Ther are forty millyuns uv people in this kentry, and I insist that enuff public works shood be put through to give every man, woman and child in the Yoonyun at least $2,000 uv money. A helthy war wood git it into cirkelashen faster, but I am averse to bloodshed. I am as tender in my feelins ez I am broad in my finansheel views.

This is my finansheel noshun, but they ain't original with me. The Democratic and Nashnel leeders are holdin the same noshens in a modified form. They will advance to my position when they see how the thing works in the Corners.

I don't want no gold, and consider a paper dollar is good enuff for me, so long as it will buy liker, and I kin git enuff uv it. Wut do I kere for debt, when that debt ain't never goin to be paid? Debt is an exploded idee! Bring out the old and bring in the new! We want more money and we are goin to hev it.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
Financeer.

P.S.—The trubble that Josef prophesied hez come already. Peltor, the shoemaker sold out his stock for fiat money, and went to Looisville to get more leather, men wooden't give him a bit uv leather for his money, and that is all he hez. He offered 'em three prices, but they declined frigidly, and he come home without a single side. He swears he has been robbed, and he is so disloyal as to d—n the counsil, and me, the originator uv the idee. I told him to start a tannery hisself, and be independent uv the outside world, but he wantid to know how he wuz agoin to do it with fiat money? The fact is society needs reorganizin. There must be some way devised to compel Looisville to take our money. Ez no fiat money is ever goin to be redeemed in gold or anything else, why ain't ourn just ez good ez anybody's?

What is Republicanism?

I. It is to believe that in the recent terrible struggle between the North and the South there was a right side and a wrong side; that the side of National unity and human freedom was the right side and the side of disunion and human slavery the wrong side; and that sound political morals and the future safety of the country demand that this fact shall not be forgotten, and the tangible results of the war in cementing the Union, destroying the States rights heresy and establishing freedom and equality of rights for all citizens shall not be disturbed.

II. It is to believe that the debt incurred for the prosecution of the war is a sacred obligation to be discharged in full, according to the letter and spirit of the contract and not to be shirked or evaded on any pretence whatever. It holds the public credit and the National honor as of supreme importance to be jealously guarded against all open and insidious schemes that seek to undermine the one and degrade the other.

III. It is to be believe that real money is what the common practice and common sense of the world have made it from time immemorial—gold and silver—and that a sound and honest paper currency, affording a stable measure of value and a medium of exchange alike fair for debtors and creditors and adapted to all the legitimate wants of business, must be exchangeable for coin on demand of the holder. From this it follows that Republicanism condemns unqualifiedly all theories and projects for repealing the Resumption Law and issuing "fiat money."

IV. It is to believe that every man should be protected in the enjoyment of the fruits of his own industry, sagacity and talents, and that all schemes for dividing property and bringing men down to a dead level of earnings and incomes, whether they be called Communism, Socialism or Nationalism, are destructive of the best interests of the individual and of society and tend directly to barbarism.

V. It is to believe that as governments are instituted for the benefit of the governed, the duty of Congress is, by proper legislation, to develop the resources of the country and protect its industries against ruinous foreign competition.

VI. It is believed that honesty and capacity should be essential qualifications for public office; that the course of public affairs should be shaped by the intelligent and virtuous portion of the community and not by the ignorant and vicious; that education should be widely diffused; that religion should be divorced from politics; that citizenship should confer equal rights and privileges; and that all avenues of industry, sobriety and economy that lead up from poverty to prosperity should be kept wide open by law and custom in order that the poor may not become poorer and the rich richer, and that comfort and competence may be portion of the many and not of the few.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Local Candidates.

It is one of the pleasant features of journalism to enter a campaign and fight the battles of its party when the candidates are all exceptionally good men—men whose names will add dignity to the campaign and not make their supporters blush to own an allegiance to the party which put them in nomination. McKean county may well feel proud to support the candidates on the Republican ticket. Their names have never been associated with any disreputable job, while their standing in society as upright business men places them before the people in a light that can never be dimmed by the little sparks which glimmer on the political horizon of the other parties.—Bradford *Breese.*

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 17, 1878.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

HON. HENRY M. HOYT,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Lieutenant Governor,

HON. CHARLES W. STONE,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

For Judge Supreme Court,

HON. JAMES P. STERRETT,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,

HON. AARON K. DUNKEL,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,

JOHN I. MITCHELL, of Tioga county.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

L. EMERY, Jr., of Bradford borough.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, &c.,

H. F. BARBOUR, of Smethport boro.

FOR SHERIFF,

J. L. ANDREWS, of Bradford boro.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

S. W. SMITH, of Liberty township.

FOR COMMISSIONERS,

W. J. COLEGROVE, of Norwich twp.
N. W. ABBEY, of Smethport borough.

FOR AUDITORS,

O. D. VOSBURGH, of Liberty township.
J. J. ROBARTS, of Ceres township.

PLATFORM.—Opposition to all paper inflation and consequent depreciation. In favor of a currency of coin and paper of equal value and equal purchasing power—the paper convertible into coin at the will of the holder.

HOYT ON FINANCE.

Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization I favor honest money.

The volume of the currency should be regulated by legitimate demand, and not by the requirements of bankrupts and wild speculators.

The currency should be redeemable as early as the exigencies of the Government will permit, in the currency recognized by all civilized nations.

The contract of the Government should be held as sacred as the contracts of individuals, and the bonds, the evidence of its indebtedness, should be paid according to the understanding between the Government and the lender.—Speech at Butler, Sept. 2, 1878.

Having nothing to defend, let us not go upon the defensive. Being right, gentlemen, let us be aggressive.—GEN. H. M. HOYT.

A CARD.

Having accepted the nomination to an important office on the Republican ticket, it becomes a difficult task to satisfactorily (either to myself or the party) perform the duties of editor of the party organ during the campaign. I therefore from this date resign all editorial connection or responsibility with the MINER until further notice. The editorial charge of the paper is left in able hands, and I am quite certain the interests of the readers will not suffer by my temporary withdrawal from the editorial chair.

H. F. BARBOUR.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 7, 1878.

SARTWELL AS AN ARBITRATOR.

Neighbor Sartwell, candidate for Sheriff of this county, was selected as one of the arbitrators before whom the Helwig-Taylor slander suit was tried. Ros. accepted the situation and the suit progressed intermittingly, Sartwell in the meantime begining to feel a sort of uneasiness about something or other. He was solemnly sworn to act in this capacity and to render an award in accordance with the evidence, so to do otherwise would be a clear case of perjury. His position in this case and that of a sworn juror before any legal tribunal, are identically the same. Well, the case in question was adjourned to last Friday for final closing of the evidence. Sartwell occupied his seat until the evidence was all in, and was informed that an award must be made within seven days in accordance with the statute. Ros. insisted that it must be put off until after election, and when thoroughly made to understand that such a thing was contrary to law and hence utterly out of the question, he "jumped the board" at once, and declared his intention of having nothing further to do with the case. And this is the kind of stamina the Democratic candidate for Sheriff posses. A man who has not "sand" enough to make a simple award in a suit for damages, and who so utterly disregards that which he is sworn to do is not the kind of a man for Sheriff of McKean county.

THE Port Allegany *Reporter* of last week says their candidate for Prothonotary did not seek the nomination, "but reluctantly accepted it after many pressing offers from a large number of our best citizens." What "reluctant" fellows these Democrats are, to be sure; but we are so glad to know that the "pressing offers" bring them to a sense of duty. The editor of the *Reporter* is a member of the Democratic Committee and was present when Mr. Brawley was put upon the ticket. We are reliably informed that he was in favor of fusing with the Greenbackers and endorsing Snyder, so he will not be held responsible if the "pressing offers" do not have the desired effect. In other words he seems to place himself outside the class he sees fit to term "our best citizens," and for peace sake we will have to admit it.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

W. J. Colegrove, the candidate for County Commissioner on the Republican ticket is so well known to all our readers that extended remarks concerning his qualifications for the office seem almost superfluous. He is one of the old citizens of the county and has always borne the highest reputation for integrity and strict personal honor. He is a man of rare judgment and excellent common sense. We have often heard the remark that the best men in the county should be selected for Commissioners, and we are happy to know that just these kind of men have been induced to accept a position on the ticket this fall. And the duties of the office will not be new to Mr. Colegrove. He has served the people in this capacity one term, and now will be able to enter the office with a full knowledge of the manner in which the business of the county is and should be conducted. He has been tried and not found wanting, and the voters of every political party would show exceeding good sense should they cast aside partisan prejudice and cast their ballots for Mr. Colegrove.

It is rumored that some Republicans are circulating the story that Mr. Colegrove worked for months to secure his nomination, so that in case of election he might work more efficiently in the interests of landholders, he being agent of the Ridgway estate. His record while Commissioner gives the lie to such utterances, and we hope no true Republican will be deceived by such silly statements. He is not the man to prostitute the office in the interests of any speculative man or company, but will, if elected, conduct the affairs of the county in the interest of the whole people. As to his "setting up" the convention, it is only necessary to state that we *know* he had not the remotest idea of being nominated, even up to the night of the convention. It was a spontaneous nomination and he accepted it upon this ground, although aware that his election would be a detriment to him in a financial sense. It cannot be possible that any Republican is so blind to the wants of the people as to oppose his triumphant election.

In the selection of N. W. Abbey, of this borough, for the important office of County Commissioner, the convention did a most sensible thing. Everything in the line of bridge building, making repairs on the public buildings, and numberless other things in this connection are ordered and done by and through the County Commissioners. For these reasons alone we assert that the party is fortunate in having chosen Mr. Abbey for this position. He is a carpenter by occupation, and that is why he just fills the bill. He is withal a person of good executive ability and in every way competent. Of course he will be elected, but that he may receive a gratifying majority we would urge his friends to be vigilant and wide awake.

THE MINER finds consolation in the fact that he (Brawley) was admitted to the bar only last week and it forgets that Mr. Barbour never was admitted to the bar and never can be.—*Reporter.*

If, as Hughes states in the above, Mr. Brawley "was admitted to the bar only last week," we shall be obliged to correct the correction in last week's MINER in which we made an attempt to apologize for saying that he was admitted to practice in this court last September term. We did not know "the fact"; then and feel thankful to the *Reporter* for furnishing the information. To the latter part of the above paragraph pertaining to Mr. Barbour's "admission to the bar," &c., we have nothing to say. It is too deep for our comprehension, and we are free to admit that our extreme stupidness prevents us from seeing any point to it. However, we will forward it to some cipher committee for interpretation.

UNLIKE the Republican candidate, he (Brawley) is not a carpet-bagger, but a native of this State.—*Reporter.*

The above crushing hit at Mr. Barbour appeared in the *Reporter* of last week, and we presume the editor of that paper regards the effusion as one of the greatest efforts of his life. It no doubt is, but to show the consistency of this statement it is only necessary to call his attention to another "heavy" article which appears on the same page of his paper with the above in which he says that the Democratic candidate for Assembly, Robert Gregg, "is an *Irishman* by birth," and so on. Our neighbor is a jewel, but where, oh! where, does the consistency come in?

WE hear it intimated that the Democrats are trying to induce Snyder to withdraw from the ticket, and in fact to use him as a cat's paw to further the election of their condidate. We take it that Snyder is a greenbacker from principle, and has too much sense to be bulldozed by those who will give him the cold shoulder as soon as election is over.

THE Hon. Robt. C. Winthrop is a Democrat with a strong pride in his State, and he considers party lines of small account when the honor of the old Commonwealth of Massachusetts is in danger. The successor of Webster and the rival of Sumner, he is not disposed to see a Butler in the Executive chair, and will vote the Republican ticket this Fall, as "the only chance to save the State." It is in the revolt of such men as this that Butler may read the signs of his downfall.

CERTAIN Greenbackers complain of Republican speeches because they contain "nothing new." There is nothing new to be said. It is the same old story of square-toed honesty and good faith. If you "promise" to pay, *pay!* If the nation gives its pledge to its creditors, keep that pledge in good faith, not issue one promise to pay another, or repudiate in any form.

But the greenback doctrine that you can make something out of nothing, is new and as false as new. Lifting yourself over the fence by your boot straps may be an old experiment, but it will be something new when a man or a party succeeds at it.—*Warren Mail.*

THE OIL CARRYING MONOPOLY.

An Important Decision by Judge Van Brunt of the New York Supreme Court—No Discrimination in Freights.

An important decision, bearing on the continuance of the oil-carrying monopoly over the Erie road, was rendered by Judge Van Brunt, in the New York Supreme Court Chambers, on Tuesday, the 8th. We are indebted to the New York *Times* for the details. The case was that in which Henry C. Ohlen asked for a mandamus, and it has been regarded as a test case. It seems that Mr. Ohlen, the relator, had a large quantity of crude petroleum at the railway company's station at Carrollton, which he desired to have transported to New York, and that he applied repeatedly to the corporation to transport the oil, he offering to pay the established rate of freight. The company, though it had cars not in use suitable for the transportation of this oil, refused to furnish them or any transportation for the petroleum, alleging that Mr. Ohlen could have no cars and no transportation so long as the tank-cars were required by Charles Pratt & Co., of New York, with whom the company has a contract. During the period in which Mr. Ohlen was making these applications to the company, it was transporting large quantities of oil for the Messrs. Pratt, much of such oil being offered for transportation long after the application of Mr. Ohlen, and at prices much less than he had to pay. Mr. Ohlen thereupon procured an alternative writ of mandamus, to compel the corporation to transport oil for him or show cause to the contrary. On the hearing of the application, several objections were interposed by the company's counsel. The first was that no mandamus could be granted where the suitor has an adequate for damages. Though this is correct as a general proposition, Judge Van Brunt says it has its exceptions. It is a fallacious assumption that the same rules of law are applicable to a public corporation, deriving its franchises from the State, as would obtain in the case of any individual common carrier. The object of the building and maintenance of a railroad is the transportation of passengers and freight for the public, and to enable it to carry out this object it has conferred upon it the extraordinary right of eminent domain. The railroad is established and operated for a public use, and as an equivalent, has undertaken to devote its road to the use of the public, subject to such rules and regulations as the statute or general law authorizes it to make. The thirty-sixth section of the General Railroad act is in the following language:

"Every such corporation shall attach and run their cars for the transportation of passengers and property at regular times, to be fixed by public notice, and shall furnish sufficient accommodation for the transportation of all such passengers and property as shall within a reasonable time thereto be offered for transportation," &c.

This duty, says Judge Van Brunt, they undertake to perform when they accept their charter, and to enable them to perform it, extraordinary rights are given. The corporation incurs greater obligations than those of an individual common carrier, and having accepted its franchises and built its road, it is under a legal obligation to exercise the franchises, and may be compelled to do so. Judge Van Brunt cites several cases which he says establish the principle that the court will by mandamus compel a railroad corporation to fully and fairly fulfill the obligations which it took upon itself at the time of the acceptance of its franchises, and as a compensation therefor. These duties it owes to the public, and when it is a public duty which it is sought to have enforced, the objection that an adequate remedy at law exists will not defeat an application for a mandamus. A mandamus will lie to compel a railroad corporation to perform its duty to the public, to carry freight upon its road, and to furnish sufficient accommodation for the transportation of such freight within a reasonable time after the same is offered for transportation.

Another objection raised by the company was that Mr. Ohlen could not require the corporation to furnish a particular kind of cars, viz., tank-cars. Concerning this the Judge says: "The company is bound to furnish to all its customers the same facilities. It can make no distinction. If tank-cars are peculiarly suited to the transportation of any particular kind of freight, and the company furnishes them to one customer, it cannot refuse them to another, at any rate when it has them idle, as in this case * * * The company is required to furnish sufficient accommodation for the transportation of freight, which includes suitable accommodation, as accommodation which is not suitable cannot be sufficient. Tank-cars upon the respondent's road being recognized as the most suitable accommodation for the transportation of oil, the relator had the right to the use of such cars for the transportation of his oil." Thus far, and on all equitable questions, Judge Van Brunt decides in favor of Mr. Ohlen. He dismisses the latter's writ, however, on the technical objection that too much is asked by its wording, the relator asking the company "immediately * * * to receive and transport to New York such crude petroleum as the relator may offer," &c., thus requesting the ignoring those who may perhaps have a prior claim because of having offered their freight for transportation.

Candidates for the Noose.

Governor Hartranft has already attached his signature to more death warrants than any of his predecessors, but before he retires from office he will be obliged to fix the day for the execution of several more murderers, unless he should determine to withhold action until his successor shall have been inaugurated. There are now before the Governor court records showing that sentence of death has been pronounced on five murderers—one of these the famous Jack Kelso case, which was adversely considered by the Board of Pardons at its last meeting. The other murderers under sentence of death are Martin Birgen, of Schuylkill county, James O'Donnell and Charles Sharde, of Carbon county, all of whom belong to the order of Mollie Maguires. The remaining candidate for the gallows is Alexander Sayres, of Philadelphia, who shot his wife during services in a church. Since Hartranft became Governor he has signed the death warrants of at least forty murderers.

Let Us Refine.

Returning to our mutton, let the oil that is produced in the Regions be refined in the Regions. In this way it will be put in a merchantable shape without having to pass into the hands of the middleman. The middleman usually make the profits on the article, and notably so on petroleum. The Standard Oil Company is the middleman that stands between the oil producers and their customers, absorbing all the profits of the business. We hold that this need not be so. Producers have it in their power to checkmate the Standard in this matter, and to outside business men it has got to be very much of a surprise that they do not do it. There is no longer a question that it can be accomplished. The refining that was formerly done in the Region and even the small concerns that are now operating here are ample proof that the process of refining can be carried on here quite as well as outside of the State. If the Standard Oil Company can carry on a refinery in Oil City, why should not producers be able to do the same? They can, and to begin the business at once is the quickest way out of the woods. A small refinery has been in operation for some months in the Clarion district and two have recently been erected near Bradford—one at Gilmor and one at Tarport. These little affairs, we learn, are a source of profit to their owners, and we are satisfied that they are a source of a vast amount of annoyance to the Standard, small as they are. But if these can be made profitable, could not the producers, by uniting and engaging in the enterprise on a scale of some magnitude, make it vastly more profitable? Undoubtedly so, and without taking into consideration the control that it would give them over their own business. Once producers control their own business everything is attained; and so long as they do not do this nothing is accomplished.

It has been asserted that to refine oil in the region would leave producers just where they are now—at the mercy of the railroads. "What will you do with your oil when you have it refined?" asks one. "The railroads will not put it to market for you, and you will be forced to sell it to the combination, at its own price, in the end." Not so. There are several railroads, notably the Erie, which would gladly withdraw from the combination. Even the Pennsylvania railroad itself galled by the Standard's yoke and is only waiting for a favorable opportunity to slip from under it. This has been evident for some time. When producers can say that they are in a position to turn a large business over to one or two roads, the combination would fall asunder of its own weight.—*Derrick.*

BEN HILL'S remarkable "fraud" letter has revived an old story concerning an interview between President Hayes and Hannibal Hamlin, a year and a half ago. As a Washington correspondent of *The Cleveland Leader* tells it, Mr. Hamlin called at the White House before leaving for his home at the close of the special session of the Senate which met at the time of the inauguration of the President. He told the President he had called from a sense of duty, which he hoped would not be considered an impertinence. He had been in Congress to see the mistakes of eight Presidents and he wished to warn him against the danger of trusting the promises of Southern Democrats. "They will flatter you and court you," he added, "so long as you are of any use to them, but when they have got what they want they will kick and malign you.—They are an ungrateful, hypocritical set of rascals, and I hope you will have nothing to do with them." The President thanked the venerable Senator for his kindness, but replied that he was sure he was mistaken, for he had seen a good deal of Senators Hill, Gordon and Lamar, and others, and respected them very highly. "So I hear," burst out the old gentleman, and I'll be d—d if it is any credit to you." Perhaps Mr. Hill's letter will show the President that experience is after all a pretty good guide in politics.

SOME time since Gov. Hartranft, at the request of the oil producers, directed the Attorney-General of Pennsylvania to examine into the alleged discrimination in freight rates by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the Standard Company, with a view to bringing these corporations before the Supreme Court on a charge of violating their charters and the constitution of the State. Fearing that this action by the Republican State Administration might gain the Republican votes in the oil regions, the Democrats at once started a counter movement by requesting an examination by the Secretary of Internal Affairs, a Democratic official of the State. This official has just made his report, finding that there is nothing for State officers to do about the case, the purpose being, of course, to break the force of the Governor and Attorney-General's action. The question of freight discrimination is too live an issue in Western Pennsylvania, however, to be eliminated from this year's election. The fact that this Democratic Secretary decides that State officers have nothing to do with violations of the constitution by the railroads, will not save Mr. Dill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, whose subservience to the railroad corporations is a notorious fact.—Buffalo *Express.*

THE New York *Post's* Washington dispatch, says Secretary Gorman, of the Republican Congressional Committee, says there is no truth in the statement that the committee has decided to print the President's Minnesota speech and Senator Schurz's Cincinnati speech for circulation as campaign documents. The committee had printed, with one exception, only such speeches as could be franked and sent through the mails free. The exception was the speech of Secretary Sherman, as this was an official exhibition of the financial policy of the administration. As to the printing of his own speech delivered at Newark, Mr. Gorman said it was done at his own expense. The committe had stopped printing documents, and it was unjust to it, to say that it had refused to print Mr. Schurz's speech. The committee had not even considered the matter. He did not deny the report of his estimate of the speeches of the President and Mr. Schurz.

THE burden of the Democratic campaign speeches is an agonizing appeal to the Greenback deserters to come back into the "good old Democratic fold."

The Indian War.

Now that the Cheyennes are upon the war-path, there is no policy left to white settlers, agents and soldiers but to kill and drive them off it, as speedily as possible. In these attempts the whites will suffer, as they generally do, almost if not quite as much as the Indians. Probably, after awhile, our Western pioneers will begin to question the wisdom of driving the Indians to desperate measures, and discover that honesty is the best policy with any man, be his skin white, black or red. From the facts set forth in a Washington letter, and from accounts published in the Kansas papers written by eye-witnesses, there can be no manner of doubt that the present outbreak of the Cheyennes was provoked by treatment which civilized white men would not have endured. We should not be afraid to look this matter squarely in the face; indeed, the bare facts are so palpable now that they are forcing recognition even from journals who have heretofore been most prejudiced against the red skins.

The atrocities of the Cheyennes since they have gone on the war-path are well known; we have no wish to defend them. They have stolen, burned and pillaged wherever they could; murdered men and ravished women. They are savages, and make war like savages. But they have been driven into it by savage treatment. Removed to a new home in the Indian Territory, they were mercilessly defrauded by the Government, which utterly failed to keep its engagements with them. In addition to this, the settlers in the neighborhood robbed them of their horses and cattle, even kidnapping their children, to force them to pay ransom for them. In many cases no choice was left to the uprising tribes but starvation or war. General Sherman volunteers his opinion that the only hope of civilizing them is through their own efforts. He ignores the fact, which has never been denied, that in no instance, from the Treaty of Penn and the work of the Moravians to the history of the Poncas in our own day, have the Indians of any tribe refused to accept civilization when it was offered to them with a friendly, honest, Christian spirit. Even the fierce Apaches had nothing but good will for the brave, friendly soldier who travelled unarmed among them. Let us as a mere matter of policy, if not humanity, have an end of this alternate fraud and slaughter. If nothing else can be done, let the whole border be put into the hands of the Army, with power to punish alike thieving whites and murderous red-skins.—*Tribune.*

STATE POLITICS.

SENATOR BLAINE will make five addresses in the State during the campaign.

IF Dill were as shrewd as he is credited with being, he would promptly withdraw and save himself from an overwhelming defeat. Chairman Speer should give him a hint.

GENERAL HOYT, the Republican nominee for Governor, has made a favorable impression wherever he has spoken. His fine presence, frank and open manner, and ability as a speaker have added much to his popularity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

MCCLURE and Curtin are not succeeding very well in their combination to crush the Republican party; and the result in Ohio has caused the "war governor" to swear worse than he did when alluding to those government mules. Such is the fate of traitors.—*Williamsport Gazette.*

A PHILADELPHIA dispatch says that Wallace and Buckalew are down hearted and concede Hoyt's election. They are shrewd politicians and see the handwriting on the wall. There will be a regular stampede to the Hoyt camp from this time forth to the day of election.—That Hoyt will have from twenty to thirty thousand majority is pretty generally admitted by shrewd politicians.

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* exultingly exclaims that a majority of Democrats in the next congress is assured and Southern claims will be all right. That is true Democratic sentiment. The rebel war claims must be paid if the Democrats get in power, and the people of the north will be oppressively taxed to raise the money. So if you want your taxes raised vote the Democratic ticket. Democrats must swear by the "uplifted hand" says Speer, that they will stand by their southern brethren.

THE Democracy had a striking illustration of the havoc the Greenbackers have made in their ranks at the demonstration in Ashland last Friday evening. Both parties held meetings, but the Greenback crowd was much the largest and more enthusiastic, although the Democrats presented such speakers as Senator Wallace and Hiester Clymer. Torchlight processions preceded the meetings, and when the lines were passing each other the Greenbackers could not resist the temptation of reminding their rivals of their coming fate by shouting "Maine." The Democrats retaliated by yelling "Ohio."

Are Fat People Healthy?

Why are fat people always complaining? asks some one who entertains the popular though erroneous notion that health is synonymous with fat. Fat people complain because they are diseased. Obesity is an abnormal condition of the system, in which the saccharine and oleaginous elements of the food are assimilated to the partial exclusion of the muscle forming and brain-producing elements. In proof of this, it is only necessary to assert the well known fact that excessively fat people are never strong, and seldom distinguished for mental powers or activity. Besides, they are the easy prey of acute and epidemic diseases, and they are the frequent victims of gout, heart disease, and apoplexy.—Allan's Anti-Fat is the only known remedy for this disease. It contains no acid, is absolutely harmless, and is warranted to remedy the most confirmed case of obesity, or corpulency.

THE SMETHPORT SCHOOLS.

We are happy to say to the public that our schools are now in full working order, under the principalship of Prof. H. B. Bartholomew, ex-County Superintendent of Northumberland County—a gentleman of superior attainments and vast experience as an educator. The schools have been thoroughly graded. A complete course of studies has been prepared and unanimously adopted by the board. The course embraces all the branches taught in our public schools, together with the higher English and classical studies necessary to prepare students for any college in the State. The schools are divided into three departments and these are subdivided into three divisions upon a plan similar to that of the Normal schools. Any living outside of the district desiring the advantages of this school can be admitted on the following terms: For the common branches per term of three months, $3.00, and for each additional branch $1.00 extra.

H. L. KNAPP,
Sec'y of Board.

15-30-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. F. BARBOUR,

Steam Book and Job Printer,

Miner Block, opp. the Public Square.

Smethport, Pa.

THE MINER JOB DEPARTMENT is supplied with a new Campbell Power Press and an Imperial Quarto Jobber, both of which are run by Steam Power. The office is supplied with the latest styles of Job and Fancy type, to which constant additions are made. It is the best equipped Job Office in Northern Pennsylvania. We have especial facilities for doing Druggists' Label Printing. Legal Blank and Pamphlet work, and will not "take back seat" for any city house, as to prices or quality of work.

C. V. CILLIS,

dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

MRS. J. R. SHOEMAKER,

TEACHER OF

Instumental & Vocal Music.

In all its branches, including THOROUGH BASS. Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels safe in assuring entire satisfaction.

TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

MONEY ENOUGH

Can be saved by buying of the manufacturers direct to materially reduce the cost of furnishing your home. Bear in mind that we are manufacturing

FURNITURE

in large lots for our Wholesale Trade.—That we Sell at Retail to the People of Buffalo and Vicinity at our regular Wholesale Prices, at least 25 to 30 per cent. lower than usual Retail Prices, and guarantee every article to be as represented.

Albert Best & Co.

MANUFACTORY & WAREROOMS,

39 & 41 PERRY STREET,

NEAR MAIN STREET.

BUFFALO, N Y

☞ Photographs to select from will be sent to customers unable to visit our Factory.

1514

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE-MARK. Is especially re- TRADE MARK.

commended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss

Before Taking. After Taking.

of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

Harris & Ewing, wholesale dealers, Pittsburg.

☞ Sold in Smethport by Druggists everywhere. 15 43-1y

HARD and SOFT COAL

We are now prepared to furnish first quality

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

for CASH, on delivery, at the following prices, which are subject to change of market:

Hard Coal, per ton		Soft Coal, per ton	
Lump	$5 50	Lump	$1 35
Grate	5 25	Run of mines	2 85
Egg	5 25	Nutand Slack	2 54
Stove	6 25	Slack	2 20
Chestnut	5 00		

A reduction made on car lots. Fifty cents additional for delivery.

43] GODDEN & McCLURE.

VIGORENE

THE GREAT POSITIVE CURE

For all DISEASES arising from a deranged condition of the BLOOD, LIVER, NERVES, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

The Best Family Medicine on Earth.

$100 IN GOLD

is any person afflicted with a disease that VIGORENE will not relieve or cure, providing the bones or organs are not wasted beyond point of repair.

VIGORENE

is scientifically compounded from herbs, roots, barks and gums found in California and the West Indies, combining a Tonic, Cathartic, Alterative, Diuretic and Sudorific.

Its immediate action is upon the digestive organs, whether impaired by disease or exhausted from any cause, is to increase their powers of assimilation and nutrition. It increases the appetite, assists digestion, and gives firmness and tone to the muscular and circulating system. It stimulates the vital processes to renewed activity, allays, corrects and purifies the fluids, tones the organs and re-establishes their healthy functions.

THE ONLY TRUE REMEDY FOR COLDS.

It is useless to expatiate upon the virtues of this GREAT REMEDY. If you are suffering from MILSOM'S ATTACKS, DYSPEPSIA, CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, GENERAL DEBILITY, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY or NERVOUS DISEASES, or any disorder arising from IMPURE BLOOD, get a bottle of VIGORENE and take it as per directions upon each bottle, in English, German, Spanish and French. One bottle will better convince you of its merits than columns expressed in printer's ink.

A trial of one bottle insures its adoption in every family, for Man, Woman or Child can take it and be well rewarded for doing so. It first cleanses the system, then repairs, then builds up, thus curing disease and establishing health on a permanent, safe and enduring basis.

Put up in large bottles, and is pleasant to take.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price, $1.00 per Bottle.

Walker & Badger Mfg. Co., Prop'rs,

40 John Street, New York.

VIGORENE

To the Public.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to the people of Smethport and vicinity that she is prepared to do all kinds of

PLAIN SEWING

in the best possible style and at reasonable rates. Orders may be left at her residence in Mechanicsburg.

16-99 tf] Mrs. H. L. BURLINGAME.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW STOCK AT NEW PRICES!

CASH AND LOW FIGURES.

Having just placed on our counters a full and entirely new stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

at greatly reduced prices we are able to do better by our patrons than ever before. Our stock of

GENTS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

is superior in quality and make, and we call attention to the following very low prices, as sample figures:

Men's Full Suits	$4 50 to $17 00
Boys' Suits	$3 00 to $8 00
Gents' Boots	$2 00 to $5 00

WE HAVE ALSO A FULL STOCK OF

LADIES' & CHILDRENS' SHOES & GAITERS

WHICH WE OFFER AT PRICES BELOW COMPETITION.

WE ARE OFFERING A FULL LINE OF

HATS AND CAPS

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our Grocery Department

IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

SUGARS	9 to 11c	PRUNES	12½c
SYRUPS	70 to 90c	SUGAR-CURED HAMS	13c
TEAS	25 to 90c	SALT PORK	9c
COFFEES	22 to 35c	LARD	11c
DRIED APPLES	7c	OAT MEAL	5c
PEELED PEACHES	15c	CHOICE BUTTER	16c

HASKILL & GIFFORD,

Main Street, SMETHPORT.

SAVE MONEY

By Trading at the

CENTRAL CASH STORE.

THE FALL GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

and MILLINERY

LADIES FURNISHING GOODS

Cash and Small Profits.

W. D. GALLUP,

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT.

The Best Wagon on Wheels

IS MANUFACTURED BY

FISH BROS. & CO.,

RACINE, WIS.

WE MAKE EVERY VARIETY OF

FARM, FREIGHT AND SPRING WAGONS,

And by confining ourselves strictly to one class of work; by employing none but the

BEST OF WORKMEN.

Using nothing but

First-Class Improved Machinery and the very best of Selected Timber,

And by a THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE of the business, we have justly earned the reputation of making

"THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS"

We give the following warranty with each wagon:

We Hereby Warrant the FISH BROS. WAGON No..... to be well made in every particular and of good material, and that the strength of the same is sufficient for all work with fair usage. Should any breakage occur within one year from this date by reason of defective material or workmanship, repairs for the same will be furnished at place of sale, free of charge, or the price of said repairs, as per agent's price list, will be paid in cash by the purchaser producing a sample of the broken or defective parts as evidence.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 1st, 1878. {TITUS G. FISH, EDWIN B. FISH, JNO. C. HUGGINS,} FISH BROS. & CO.

Knowing that we can suit you, we solicit patronage from every section of the United States. Send for Prices and Terms, and for a copy of our AGRICULTURAL PAPER.

FISH BROS. & CO, Racine, Wis.

CLAPP BROS. & CO.,

WHOLESALE JEWELERS.

A FULL LINE OF

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN WATCHES

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!

DEALERS! SEND FOR CATALOGUE!!! PLEASE CALL WHEN IN THE CITY!

Orders will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

161 State St., CHICAGO.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 17, 1878.

Lodge Directory.

A. Y. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 309, A. Y. M., meets on the fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7 o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

G. M SMITH, Secy. W. T. CALLAR, W. M.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

Preaching at Norwich and at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every *alternate* Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROOK, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday school immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.

Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.

Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Barnhart, Eldred.

District Attorney.—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.

Sheriff.—C. S. King, Smethport.

Prothonotary.—C. S. Sartwell, Smethport. *Deputy.*—F. R. Chadwick.

County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.

Commissioners.—Benj. Bunker, Ormsdo Gallup, Wm. A. Young.

County Clerk.—Silas R. Chadwick, Smethport.

Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Bean, M. W. Fisher.

Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—M L Armstrong

Asst Burgess—H L Mosby

Council—G M Smith B C Corwin Wm Specht S A Backus N W Abbey J C Hamlin

Constable—H. L. Burlingame.

School Directors—L. Rogers B D Hamlin B L Knapp E G Brown R Sartwell L Burlingame

Poormasters—E F Walker O W Gallup

Justices—G M Smith P Ford

Auditors—C K Sartwell M A Sprague A B Armstrong

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—Judge Wetmore, of Warren, is building a new law office.

—The chestnut crop in Elk county is a failure. How is the crop in McKean?

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W. H. Mandeville, tf

—Our Eldred correspondent "Delta," failed to come to time again this week.

—The Bradford *Mutual* is a home institution, and makes a specialty of farm property.

—It is conceded by all that Warley Gifford keeps the best smoking tobacco in town.

—Rev. Waterbury Miller, will preach in the Methodist Church in this place next Sabbath.

—Fifty loads of hemlock bark, or thereabouts, are daily delivered at the Smethport Extract works.

—*Hamilton's German Bitters* are the best. Large bottles only 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong. Aug. 22-3m.

—Brownell has just returned from the city where he purchased a stock of goods. Now is the time to make selections.

—The Limestone *News*, a greenback paper, has "pegged out." Its patrons like the paper, abounded more in wind than greenbacks.

—If there be any one so egotistical as to think, or even intimate, that he could improve upon this *type of fall weather*, shoot him on the spot.

—A simple minded boy named Hugh McDermott, was killed by a train on the State Line road, a short distance from Ellicottville, a few days ago.

—The meeting at Annin Creek on Friday, the 25th inst., will be held in the school house near the residence of the late Niles Kinney, not at the River school house.

—Judge Scofield, who has been making speeches in the Congressional district composed of the counties of Erie, Warren and Venango, has returned to Washington.

—Barden & Roberts, of Eldred, are putting up a temporary building near the place where the store lately burned stood. They will occupy this one until they rebuild on the old site.

—On the second page of this paper is published the decision of Judge Van Brunt, of the Supreme Court of New York on the oil carryinging monopoly. It is a crushing blow to the monopolists.

—Last week an election of borough officers was held in the new borough of Duke Center. The boys up there are putting on lots of corporation airs just now. Who has a better right, anyhow?

—We call the attention of our readers to the card of Mrs. H. L. Burlingame in another column. Mrs. B. is prepared to do all kinds of plain sowing to the satisfaction of all who may see fit to patronize her.

—It's rather discouraging to a new Sunday school teacher to return to his class of boys after five minutes' absence, and hear them quarrelling over which is the best hand—a pair of jacks or a pair of queens.

—The young bloods over in Elk county are foolishly sensitive. One of them got on "his ear" because his sweetheart named a pet calf after him. He said if she had given the name to the dog he wouldn't have cared.

—The editor of the Elk *Advocate* is mad because there is "another cow loose in the court square." How lonely the hamlet of Ridgway would appear were it not that the cows were allowed to loaf in the streets and public square.

—A stone-cutter named Jas. Boland, who has been working on the State Hospital at Warren got drunk the other day and laid down on the railroad track. The noon train came thundering along, the cow-catcher striking his head and crushing it.

—Messrs. Minor & Oakley have just completed a rig on the Gallup farm on Marvin Creek. This is their second rig in this section. They have proven themselves capable of building an a No. 1 rig, and are thorough gentlemen. Should oil be found in paying quantities they will probably have their hands full. The machinery for the well on the Jabez Gallup farm is on the way, and drilling will be commenced immediately.

—About the meanest man living, we think, was at the fire. He had on a bran new hat (*presented to him, no doubt*) and had the cheek to walk up to Mr. Barden and ask him to pay him for his time while working at the fire.—*Eldred Eagle.*

—Owing to the lack of fall rains the scarcity of water continues. Wells are failing and streams drying up. Every body but landlords are praying for rain—and they will before long if they intend to adhere to the custom of watering their "goods."

—Miscellaneous and political articles will be found on the first and fourth pages of the MINER. Until after election the paper will be almost wholly devoted to political matters, after which our readers will not be cloyed on so much "everlasting politics."

—Sprague will soon move into his new building. Plasterers, painters and carpenters are hurriedly finishing their respective parts. The front has been tastily painted and penciled. It "lays over" any store in town and is just what the owner needs for the use of his large and increasing trade.

—The Benton House is better than ever, if possible, since Schimmelfeng (shut your eyes and see if you can spell the name correctly) has become associated with Charley Moore. The people at Larrabee and the public generally speak in high terms of the manner in which this hotel is conducted.

—The latest case of pure downright "cussedness" occurred in Roulet, Potter county, a short time since. Out of an orchard of five acres, belonging to Mr. Joseph Carey, one hundred fruit trees were either cut down or girdled. There may be meaner tricks on record but we have yet to hear of them.

—"One bushel of lime," says an exchange, "will cost you probably fifteen cents, delivered at your residence. Ten minutes work will suffice to distribute it in the back yard and in out of the way places, dump alleys, &c. One modest funeral including the doctor's bill, will cost at the lowest calculation $150. Draw your own conclusions!"

—The meeting advertised in last week's paper to be held at Farmer's Valley on Monday, the 28th of this month, has been changed to Hamlin township. It was also thought best not to hold a meeting at Clermont, at least not at the time advertised. In another place is published the date and place of holding all meetings thus far announced by the County Committee.

—Geo. R. Allen, of the firm of Loomis, Allen & Co., packers of canned fruits and vegetables, Cicero, N. Y., paid the MINER office a pleasant visit this morning. It has been eleven years since he moved from Smethport, and of course many changes in people and places were noticed by him. Come again, George, and stay longer.

—Mail service has been established on the Kendall and Eldred railroad between Bradford and Eldred. We are glad to note this fact as up to this time all mail from this place to Bradford first went to Buffalo and Hornellsville and back on the Erie. To be able to send a letter from Smethport to Bradford and know that it will go through in one day is gratifying to contemplate.

—The Eldred *Eagle* comes to us since the fire looking as fresh and sparkling as ever. It says its "establishment was subdued but not conquered, and the *Eagle* will flap its wings as usual, and endeavor to give the public all the news." Preparations are being made for the erection of a building for the office, and we hope the bird will continue to soar through space for all time to come.

—Handbills have been printed at this office announcing the speakers, with date and place of holding meetings in the several townships. These bills will be sent to the members of the County Committee for distribution and posting. Should it be inconvenient to hold these meetings in any of the buildings advertised, the committee are expected to select a proper place in which to hold them.

—This is a gala day for the greenbackers at Bradford. They have a barbecue or ox-roast at the driving park in that place, and no doubt the hungry followers of Butler and Kearney will turn out in force. We wish them a jolly time, and beg leave to suggest that in case the ox is absent they substitute Mervyn for cremation—in which case it may be said that instead of roasting an ox whole they roasted an ass whole.

—Charley Melvin, who was in town yesterday, says "Bradford is bigger than Smethport," and although the census takers have not filed their official report, there is no doubt of there being the required population in Bradford to warrant its incorporation as a city. Incorporate, Charley, if you want to, but if you have any respect for the feelings of your friends on this side of the hill, don't go around telling that Bradford is bigger than Smethport. We feel as big as anybody, over here.

At fires there are always laughable incidents and several came under our observation. One was a certain clerk carrying a large box, all he could do to get his arms around it, filled full of spool thread. Just as he was emerging from the building his feet caught and down he went—the thread spreading over room enough to build a race track. One man threw a sack of flour out of the burning building and carried three common crocks, (probably worth fifteen cents,) out and carefully laid them down.

—Dr. Balfour lost all his personal property, books and accounts, by the late fire in Eldred. It is a severe blow to him and we hope his friends will show their appreciation of a good physician and worthy citizen by offerings of liberal pecuniary assistance. We are pleased to hear that a step in this direction is already being made by his friends in that vicinity, and we presume the doctor will soon be making his regular rounds among the sick and afflicted, armed with a new set of "working tools."

—While drawing bark to the Extract Works yesterday John Hafner's horses became frightened at the whistle, which happened to blow just as John had finished unloading. He was still upon the ground and clung to the lines like a good fellow, but was unable to stop them. The horses ran through the covered bridge and into Rogers' mill yard when the wagon came in contact with a pile of lumber, the team freeing itself from it. The wagon was badly demoralized, and the horses were stopped before reaching Main street.

—Gen. Geo. J. Magee, of Watkins, C. J. Laugdon, of Elmira, A. Lathrop, of Corning, P. H. Root, W. H. Glenney and P. P. Pratt, of Buffalo, and G. Macfarlane, of Clermont, were registered at the Bennett House last evening. These gentlemen had just returned from Clermont where they had been called to consult as to the advisability of opening up a new vein of coal about a mile west of Instanter and extending a track to the same. It is said there is a very fine vein of coal at that point, and we understand the company concluded to open it up and build the track.

—The last week's Port Allegany *Reporter* contained some "Bradford items." They bear the unmistakable "car-marks" of Brawley's pen. The only "item" of length is the one in which he says he has read the "handsome eulogy of the editor of the McKean *Miner* as contributed by himself, to his own paper." To accuse the author of the article in question a liar, after he distinctly stated that it was written in the absence of Mr. Barbour, is overbalanced by the compliment which places the writer on a footing with Mr. Barbour. The Bradford items man may yet become competent to write something "handsome," though present indications are not flattering.

—His name is Peter Bunnell and is a painter by trade. His home has been in Wellsboro all his life until lately when he moved with his mother to Elmira. He came to Smethport in company with some other Tioga county men, and boarded at the Wright House. Peter made no complaint as regads the hash "slished up" to him while in town, and that's why we think he served Wright a mean, dishonest trick, in "skipping" out of town and leaving an unsettled board bill. Peter is young yet, and this fact probably accounts for the reason why he is not in the penitentiary. But you have taken the first step, Peter, in that direction, and no doubt in time will reach the end at which you aim.

—A delegation of about forty persons from the vicinity of Smethport started to attend the Democratic mass meeting held in this place last evening. The McKean and Buffalo train was delayed, and did not reach the Larrabee intersection at the usual time. This being the case, the connecting train on the B. N. Y. & P. road passed through to Eldred, leaving the enthusiastic Democrats three miles away, and time up for the E. & K. train to take its departure for Bradford, which it accordingly did, without the forty Democrats.—*Breeze.*

The *Breeze* must be mistaken in regard to the number, for it don't seem to us there can be *forty* Democrats "in the vicinity of Smethport."

—The manner of highway robbery in the Black Hills is illustrated by the recent capture of a stage coach, in which was gold worth $27,000. The treasure was in an iron safe, and was guarded by five well-armed men. There were no passengers. The robbers first took possession of a log house, binding and gagging the only inmate, and removed the mud from the chinks, so that they could see and shoot through the openings. When the stage came along they fired from their ambush, killing two of the guards and seriously wounding another. The remaining two fled. The driver was bound. The robbers then opened the box with sledges and carried away the gold on horseback.

Republican Meetings.

ROOMS OF REPUBLICAN COUNTY COM.,
BRADFORD, PA., OCT. 7, 1878.

Public Meetings, to be addressed by able Republican speakers, will be held as follows, to wit:

Thursday, October 17th, at Eldred.
Friday, October 18th, at Bradford.
Saturday, October 19th, at Rixford.
Monday, October 21st, at Custer city.
Tuesday, October 22d, at Duke Centre.
Wednesday, October 23d, at Foster School House.
Wednesday, October 23, at Port Allegany.
Thursday, October 24th, at Ceres.
Friday, October 25th, at Annin Creek.
Saturday, October 26th, at Kendall.
Monday, October 28th, at school house near J. E. B. White's, in Hamlin township.
Tuesday, October 29th, at Smethport.
Thursday, October 31st, at Norwich.
Friday, November 1st, at Kane.
Saturday, November 2d, at Sawyer City.

These meetings will be addressed by one or more of the following named gentlemen, together with other noted speakers from abroad: W. B. Chapman, Esq., of Erie, Pa.; E. R. Mayo, Esq., of Eldred; N. B. Smiley, Esq., of Bradford; Robert H. Rose, Esq., of Smethport, and S. W. Smith, Esq. of Port Allegany.

Citizens of all parties are invited to attend. R. B. STONE, Chairman.
T. J. MELVIN, Secretary.

The Great Meeting at Bradford.

Friday, October 25th has been fixed upon as the day on which will be held the great mass meeting at Bradford. Mr. L. Rogers, Secretary of the State Committee, writes us that Gen. Hoyt, Gen. Adam E. King, of Baltimore, Hon. Henry M. Palmer, of Wilkes-Barre, Gen. David Vickers of New Jersey, and Hon. John I. Mitchell, of Tioga, will be present to address the meeting, which of necessity will be held in the afternoon. This will be the great meeting of the campaign in this county, and it is hoped that every voter in the county will try to make it convenient for him to go and hear these distinguished speakers. We are certain that a large delegation from Smethport and vicinity will be in attendance, and our friends in all parts are urged to turn out on this occasion.

The Enlarged Era.

The *Bradford Daily Era* of last Saturday came to us in an enlarged form and looking as bright and tasty as need be. It is now a thirty-six column paper, or nine columns to the page, and the largest paper in either the northern or southern oil fields. There are several reasons why the *Era* should receive the support and encouragement of every honest man, chief among which is because it is emphatically a producers' paper, and a bitter opponent of the Standard monopoly, and in fact every other monopoly that tends to oppress and trample upon the rights of the people. It is always found able, outspoken and reliable. It has become to be a power in the advocacy of all questions relating to internal improvements, and experience has already taught its patrons that it is a most able champion of the interests of the whole people.

A GREAT FIRE.

The Almost Complete Destruction of a Pennsylvania Oil Town.

The almost total destruction of the busy oil town of Edenburg, Clarion county, the great centre of that oil district, which occurred on the morning of the 13th inst., is thus particularized by the Oil City *Derrick*:

EDENBURG, Oct. 13.—At four o'clock this morning flames were discovered issuing from Wilbur's livery stable on Main street. The fire spread rapidly over Main, State and Railroad streets, speedily enveloping one hundred and seventy buildings in ruins, comprising the business portion of the town, the finest houses, stores, banks and postoffice. All the hotels are burned but one. The Methodist Church is destroyed. The blaze extends over thirty acres. The loss will reach $400,000, not half insured.—Among the heaviest losses, are the Bennett House, Edenburg House, Flynn & Hamm, dry goods; McQuintons, dry goods; Oil Well Supply Company, Mendenhall's residence, Chalfant & Graff's hardware, and numerous stores. The railroad depot, telegraph office, express office and printing office are gone. Very little property is saved. Ten horses in Wilbur's stables are burned. The fire is the most disastrous ever known in the oil regions. Thirteen oil wells are consumed. Many families are homeless, and a relief committee is at work relieving the suffering. The town was all wood but Kribb's block, which sustained some damage, preventing the flames spreading through the southeastern section of the town.

The fire is undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. The greatest excitement prevails. At this hour the town, which a few months ago was bristling with life and activity, the acknowledged metropolis of the Clarion oil district, if not of the entire lower country, is mourning in sackcloth and ashes. The amount of suffering which will result from this most terrible conflagration cannot at this time be estimated. Nearly two hundred houses are burned, and many families rendered homeless with no where to turn for aid. The relief committee will do all in its power to help the helpless, and already it is shown that the charity of the Oil Regions, known the world over, will come promptly to the aid of the fire-swept community. The fire was discovered at ten minutes past four this morning. The gray of dawn was breaking over the eastern hills when the alarm was echoed through the streets. Policeman E. T. Little gave the first alarm, and his cry was taken up by everybody abroad at so early an hour, and the quiet of morn was soon turned to a wild pandemonium. Within a brief space of time, although every human effort was made to check it, the red demon leaped from house-top to house-top, and Main street, Railroad street, State street and Pennsylvania avenue to the railroad were a mass of flame. No pen can describe the scenes at this moment. Women and children ran through the streets and for their lives. Cries of the affrighted filled the air, and the excitement was perhaps never equalled. Even now, when the fire is abated, I can hear as I write the piteous cries of women and children who begin to realize the terrible position in which they are placed—home, everything gone and winter bearing down upon them.

To add to the general alarm that prevailed while the fire was raging at its fiercest, a wicked report was started that other oil towns were burning. What town? Bradford, Parker, Millerstown and Petroleum, was the answer. This increased the excitement ten-fold until it was allayed by word direct from the towns.

An Attempt to Break Jail.

Deputy Sheriff Peck while making a survey of "matters and things" about the jail the first part of the week, ran across an iron bar and other instruments in the upper portion, or garret. The prisoners had taken these tools up through the corridor and were making an attempt to remove the brick work which had been laid over a certain window subsequent to the building of the jail. The prisoners are locked in the cells at night but are allowed to remain in the corridor during the day, so a united effort to make an escape must be done by daylight.—They were likely disturbed from their labors by the approach of the keeper, and left the tools where they were fortunately detected and taken out. Too much care cannot be taken to see that there is not yet a general jail delivery before court.

Smethport High School.

That a *Daily School Record*, properly kept, is essential to the success and advancement of a school, that it induces pupils to greater exertion and hence leads them to better results, is the experience of all educators. Believing also that such *record* should be brought to the notice of the parents and public at large, I beg leave to offer the following report, showing the average percentage in recitation, of each student, for the month ending Oct. 18, 1878:

Frank S. Backus, 61; Mary Richards, 88; Millie Patterson, 62; T. F. Richmond, 92; Orpha Stark, 64; Mabel Stark, 68; Aline Hamlin, 97; Ethel Armstrong, 70; Libbie Freeman, 82; Nellie Waller, 69; Mary Hamlin, 90; Mollie King, 68; Hattie Tubbs, 74; Annie Landenberger, 65; Evaline Forsyth, 76; Addie Brownell, 77; Mary Waller, 60; Rowena King, 61; Lelia Knapp, 72; Annie Picard, 60; Fannie Rogers, 73; Josie Whiteside, 70; Minnie Callar, 69; Eva Callar, 77; Mary Sartwell, 76; Mary Picard, 65; P. E. Abbey, 70; Ervin Kerns, 68; John Chadwick, 50; Willie King, 70; Harrie Knapp, 69; Ezra Taylor, 60; Ross McIntosh, 81; Willie Mullin, 50; M. J. McCary, 71; Andrew Daly, 72; Frank Daly, 70; Albert Hussey, 68; Lowell Green, 68; Maggie Smith, 92.

100 per cent. shows perfect recitations during the entire month. Less than 50 per cent. is unsustained.

H. H. BARTHOLOMEW,
Principal.

The Port Allegany Meeting.

Hon. John I. Mitchell, our member of Congress, and E. R. Mayo will speak at Port Allegany next Wednesday evening, the 23d inst. Both are speakers of prominence, and we advise all, Greenbackers, Republicans and Democrats, who wish to hear the issues of the campaign discussed in an able and impartial manner, to attend. While they will give a free and full expression of their views on political topics, none need stay away from fear of personal attacks upon their political antagonists.

Serious Accident.

William Ryan, a young man employed about the station of the E. R. R., sustained two very serious injuries yesterday morning at eight o'clock, in being run over by the cars. Ryan was standing near the Elm street crossing when the eastward bound train No. 6 of the Erie came along. He had but a few rods to walk in going back to the station but thought he would jump on the baggage car and ride. He caught hold of the car and was about to go up the steps when his feet slipped and he fell under the car. His left foot was caught under the wheel of the car following and terribly crushed. His right leg, below the knee, was also badly mangled, but no bones were broken. The train was stopped and poor Ryan picked up by some friends and carried to his boarding house, where the injured foot was amputated. A telegram was sent to his parents, who reside at Forrestville, N. Y., and they arrived here last night. Ryan will be taken to Forrestville to-day.—*Bradford Era of the 12th.*

Fencing the Jail.

A plank fence nine feet high is being built around the jail. On top of the plank will be placed iron pickets two feet long, thus making a distance of eleven feet from the ground to top of the pickets. The object of this surrounding is to keep people from approaching the cell windows, and to guard against all attempts of outsiders to put the inmates in possession of implements by which they might make their escape. Certainly some safeguard of this kind is needed, and if the Commissioners think the county is not able to build a stone wall, perhaps a plank fence around the jail is the next best thing.

New Goods.

New goods seem to be in order now, and our friend W. D. Gallup has fairly outdone himself this fall in his selection and quantity. It would be useless for us to attempt to enumerate articles for his customers know that he always keeps everything in stock. As for prices, you will be more than surprised to find out how low he is selling this last invoice of goods. Do not fail to call and sample goods and prices at Gallup's and become convinced that you can purchase goods of him cheaper than at any place this side of New York.

Fresh Oysters.

A full supply of fresh tub oysters is kept constantly on hand at Picard's Bakery and Provision store. He has a neatly arranged eating room connected with his store and will supply them cooked in every style, or will supply families and parties with quantities to suit 47-tf.

Girls Wanted.

I want to hire two good girls to do house work. The best of wages will be paid—to capable girls. Apply at the jail. C. S. KING, 2t

BUSINESS LOCAL.

Dental Notice.

Dr. Lewis will be at the Wright House on Monday, Oct. 21, and remain during the week. Those in need of dental services will please call at his rooms.

—When you go to Olean stop at the Brunswick House, opposite the Union Depot, the most popular house in Olean. 31 tf

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville, Olean, N. Y tf

—A. B. Armstrong sells Hamilton's Ginger Tonic for Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, &c. Aug. 22. m-3

Shakespeare's Last.

If you're a pilgrim and a stranger
And many miles from the farm
Be you a producer or a granger
If you're at Olean stop with F. M. Arne. Brunswick House Olean, N. Y.
31 tf

—Brunswick House, the only popular hotel in Olean. Opposite the Union Depot. 31 tf

Sold Under a Positive Guarantee

That scrofula, erysipelas, all blood boils, pimples, ulcers and all humors of the skin can be *permanently* cured by the use of PEMBERLEE'S GREAT BLOOD AND LIVER PURIFIER. It is well known that all these diseases arise from an impure and disordered state of the blood, and it is also known that unless we strike at the foundation of them no permanent relief can be expected.

For purifying the blood we cheerfully recommend this great and efficient remedy, feeling certain that if given a fair trial, wonderful cures will be the sure result.

If after a *fair* trial has been given, no relief is experienced, return to us the empty bottle and we will refund your money.

Price $1.00 per bottle. Sample bottles 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 15-15 e o w, 1 y

For Generations Diseases arising from indiscretion have been treated with Balsam Copaiba and Mercury, until the stomachs of the patients using them became so nauseated and weakened that it was hard to decide which was the worst complaint, the disordered stomach or the original disease. At length the Samaritan's Gift made its advent, and an entirely new system of cure was inaugurated, and the beneficial results at once seen. The disgusting drugs and poisons were discarded, and to-day the Gift is prescribed by numbers of the leading Physicians; yet, notwithstanding the Samaritan's Gift is known to be a positive cure, purely vegetable, and pleasant to use, as only ten pills have to be taken, many old anti-diluvians will stick to their sickening drugs and gorge their patients for weeks, perhaps months. ☞Has a long job and a big *bill anything to do with it?* Male packages $2; Female $3. Sent by mail to any address by Desmond & Co. 915 Race st., Philadelphia.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. 15-3t ow26.

HAPPINESS DEPENDS ON HEALTH.

The enjoyment of millions depends upon perfect digestion and a healthy performance of the various functions of the body. Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic secures these conditions and makes people happy. Also cures nervous weakness.

A Merry Heart.

Solomon says "A merry heart maketh a glad countenance," but the heart is not apt to be merry if one is suffering from dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion or liver complaint, or if sleep is disturbed or unrefreshing. The most frequent cause of sleeplessness is dyspepsia or which all medical writers declare it to be a sure symptom. For the certain cure of these distressing maladies, we have never yet discovered a medicine to equal PARMELEE'S DYSPEPSIA COMPOUND. Its influence is truly wonderful and all that could be desired. It invigorates the digestive organs and imparts new life to the whole system; it is also a great regulating tonic and holds the foremost place among medicinal preparations of its class.

We are so confident that it will give satisfaction in every case that we invite you to try it. If not entirely satisfactory, return the empty bottle, and we will refund the money. Sample bottles 15 cents; regular size, 31.00. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa 15-15 e o w, 1 y

Geo. D. Prentice speaks of Time as "The Tomb Builder." We suggest to mothers that FIFTEEN MINUTES of precious time may build a tomb for the dear form that now sleeps so gently, should Croup in its worst type attack it. How will you guard against the destroyer? DARE YOU neglect to use every known precaution? It is not possible to have a physician always at hand. Frequently the time taken in calling one, would be the death of the child. We assume the grave responsibility of saying to these mothers, that Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup is as nearly a specific as has yet been discovered for this dread disease. We should not say this without positive knowledge. This medicine has been tested for fourteen years, and thousands are quieted nightly by the fact that they have it in reach for immediate use. Every mother songs for a safeguard of this kind. Regular sizes and 10 cent samples for sale by Armstrong & Co., Smethport, Pa.

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, *In and by the* thirteenth section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the election in this Commonwealth," it *is enjoined on the* Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In pursuance thereof, I, C. S. KING, Sheriff of the county of McKean, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the electors of said county of McKean, that a General Election will be held in said county on the FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, being the fifth day of the month, in the several election districts therein.

And as directed by the thirteenth section of the act of July, 1839, I hereby give notice that every person [excepting the Justices of the Peace] who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, *or of any city or* incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And further the first section of the act of March 31, 1864:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and be labelled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

And whereas, by virtue of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, adopted December 16 1873.

Every male citizen 21 years of age, possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections: *First*—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. *Second*—He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.—*Third*—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. *Fourth*—If over twenty-two years of age, he or his parent shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on election, and going to and returning therefrom.

WHEREAS, The fifteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

AND WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States, on the 31st of March, 1870, passed an act entitled "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States, to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

BE IT ENACTED, &c., That all citizens of the United States who are or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any State, Territory, district, city, county, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of color, race, or previous condition of servitude; and constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State or territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary, notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it *further* enacted, That if, by or under the constitution of laws of any State or the laws of any territory, an act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite, or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give all such citizens an equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section he shall for every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, it is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States, that "This Constitution and the laws of the United States shall be made in pursuance thereof shall be the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding."

I also make known the following provisions of the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

ARTICLE VIII.

Suffrage and Election.

An act entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 30th day of January, 1874.

SEC. 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts it shall be to have in custody the register of voters and to make the entries therein required by law, and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SEC. 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector may have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks, and overseers of any election held under this act shall, before entering upon their duties be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judges shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspector, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officer so sworn and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to attend at the time and place appointed for holding such election, or if any vacancy occurs by death or otherwise, the electors present shall appoint a judge or inspector to fill such vacancy. If any officer of election shall refuse to perform his duties in connection with said election without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof and has returned therefrom, that he has resided in the district wherein he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a State or County tax within two years, which has assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The same affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he has been prevented by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of 21 and under 22 years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month and has resided in the State one year, or if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately two months preceding such election, and shall be entitled to vote although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavit of all persons making such claims; and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the Prothonotary, and shall remain on the file therewith in the Prothonotary's office, subject to the examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualification of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added before the name of all claims voter on tax, and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age; the same words to be added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on lists of persons voting at such election.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law to privately made and acted upon by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such persons being received, it is all be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive the second vote on the day, by virtue of same certificate, except where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court, but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of su

Mr. Mitchell's Nomination.

The unanimous re-nomination of our present Representative in Congress by the Conference at Williamsport last Thursday is a compliment to Mr. Mitchell's personal ability and probity as well as to his political integrity. He is again named as the Republican candidate, not because the politicians wanted him nominated, but because the people of the whole district have learned, as the people of Tioga county had before learned, that he is a man of old-fashioned personal integrity and of sturdy political faith, frankness, and independence. These sterling traits of character have given him a place in the hearts of the class that Mr. Lincoln used to designate as "the plain people," that no man who does not hold decided convictions regarding his political and personal duties can ever hope to reach.

So far as the people of Tioga county are concerned, it is unnecessary to commend Mr. Mitchell to their favor by a detailed review of his career. As boy and man he has lived among them all his life. They have seen him coming up from the farm to acquire a general and a legal education. They have seen him throwing aside his books to enter the volunteer army and engage in the fight for the Union. The war over, they elected the young lawyer to the post of prosecuting attorney for the county, and they knew how zealously and ably he discharged the duties of that trust. They elected and three times re-elected him to represent the county in the lower house of the State Legislature, and they well know whether he was, during all those five years of service, a faithful and creditable Representative. They know that he there filled most arduous and responsible positions, winning the respect of his associates and enjoying the confidence of all his constituents. Promoted to a more conspicuous stage, they have seen him discharging the duties of his post with his wonted industry and faithfulness, and rapidly winning his way to a position of influence rarely reached by members new to the halls of Congress.

In short, they know he is an able man and an honest one. Looking at the past, they may well be assured that their faith in his integrity, personal or political, will never be betrayed. No man who votes for him need have a shadow of a fear that he will ever be led by any temptation to disgrace his district. No man need have a doubt as to his political faith or his political action. He is a Republican of unswerving loyalty, and will receive the earnest support of every man who believes in Republican principles. He is an honest man, and will receive the votes of many men who care more for personal and official integrity than for any political party. He deserves a hearty indorsement by the district that he has so well represented, and we are happy to believe that he will receive that indorsement. Certainly the Tioga county Republicans will do their share toward giving it to him.—*Wellsboro Agitator.*

More Dirty Work Brewing.

Within the past few days the Democratic State Central Committee has called upon the chairman of the county committees throughout the State to forward to headquarters the name and address of every Christian minister in the county. Also to forward the names and postoffice address of five active representative Christian men in each election district, with the denomination to which each adheres. Also to furnish the names and postoffice address of all anti-Cameron representative Republicans in each county. The chairman of the Democratic State committee is urgent that those lists should be promptly furnished.

We call attention to this movement because it is evidently the inception of one of those dirty political tricks for which the Democratic party has become infamous of late years. The purpose of securing the names and post office address of so many ministers and active laymen in the various Christian churches, probably is to send to them, just before election, some lying, slanderous circular, hoping that it will be too late to refute it. Some time ago it was alleged that some of Mr. Dill's friends were actively circulating among the Methodist ministers in central and western Pennsylvania the story that General Hoyt was an Atheist, and a very immoral man. Many letters were received by persons in this city from friends living in other parts of the State, making inquiries as to the truth or falsity of these statements. It is therefore probable that another new batch of vile slanders and infamous falsehoods have been concocted by the conscienceless men who are running the Democratic campaign, and that it is proposed to send them in circular form to clergymen and active Christians throughout the State.

We allude to this dirty business now for the purpose of warning people against them, and of *placing all concerned on* their guard against the partisan assassins who, not daring to meet an opponent openly and manfully, attempt to stab him in the dark, through the medium of lying circulars or other contrivances of moral and political cowards.—*Wilkes-Barre Record of The Times.*

A Young Villain.

The Bradford *Breeze* of last Friday says: Last Tuesday a young lad, aged ten years, named Charley Welch, got some pieces of timber, and lashing them together, placed them on the track of the O. B. & W. R. R. at a point on the road three quarters of a mile this side of Bell's Camp. The timbers were firmly tied together, and fastened to the track in such a manner that an accident was unavoidable. Train 28, a freight, with caboose, in which were a number of passengers, coming this way, about 4 p. m., struck the timbers which young Welch had put on the track, but fortunately a couple of freight cars were ahead of the engine, being pushed down. The first car was thrown from the track, running against a stump beside track, which stopped the train. The two front cars were considerably stove up, but no person was injured. Young Welch was brought here to Bradford and put in the lock-up. He will be sent to the House of Correction. He made no ado about confessing to the commission of the deed, and said it was because the conductor refused to let him ride on the train. He had formerly acted as train boy.

VOTE the straight Republican ticket this fall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WM. P. NORTHRUP, & CO.

RELIEF-LINE

ENGRAVERS AND ELCTROTYPERS,

FORMERLY HENRY CHANDLER ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 13 Swan Street, Lewis Block,

BUFFALO, N.Y.

Jos. N. Matthews, } *Of the late firm of Matthews & Warren*
Wm. P. Northrup, } *The last engravers with Henry Chandler*
1330 yl

Smethport Bakery.

M. H. PICARD'S

Bakery & Confectionery,

FINE TEAS.

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

THE FRIEND OF ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

These famous Pills PURIFY the BLOOD, and act most powerfully, yet soothingly, on the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS, giving TONE, ENERGY, and VIGOR to the whole system. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to FEMALES, Young or Old, and as a general FAMILY MEDICINE, for the cure of most complaints they are unequalled.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the *signature of J. Haydock, its agent for the United States*, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. HOLLOWAY & Co., New York.

A CURE FOR ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Possessed of this REMEDY, Every Man may be his own Doctor. It may be rubbed into the system, so as to reach any internal Complaint, by those means, it cures Sores or Ulcers in the THROAT, STOMACH, LIVER, SPINE, or other parts. It is an infallible remedy for BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, Contracted or Stiff Joints, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and all Skin diseases.

Important Caution.—None are genuine unless the signature of *J. Haydock*, its agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.
15-42 yl HOLLOWAY & Co., New York.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mary Tracy,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

A RELIABLE HOME COMPANY.

THE BRADFORD MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Is one of our State Institutions.

Organized under our New Constitution: chartered by the State of Pennsylvania to grant Insurance against FIRE and LIGHTNING on the Mutual plan. Let no one form a prejudice against the plans of this Company until they have fully investigated them.

The Company Commences Business with $200,000.

Insurance properly subscribed as the law directs, and prepared to INSURE CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY, giving Insurance at actual cost, and has no intention of building any brown-stone fronts or paying any fancy salaries to officers, but doing its business on the square and paying its losses promptly; and keeping the money at home, where it should be.

Farm Buildings a Specialty.

They are *protected against Lightning*, whether fire catches or not. The business of the Company is managed by the following Directors, Officers and Citizens:

DIRECTORS.

Col. A. J. Wilcox, Enos Parsons, Dr. H. S. Baker, C. J. Lane, F. S. Johnston, L. G. Peck, A. H. Borchert, J. K. Wallace, D. A. Easterbrook, Joseph Z. Post, I. H. Hilliard.

OFFICERS.

Enos Parsons, President; Dr. H. S. Baker, Vice President; L. G. Aeck, Treasurer; J. K. Wallace, Legal Solicitor; I. H. Hilliard, Secretary.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of "The Bradford Mutual Fire Insurance Company," Sept. 2nd, at their office in Bradford, Pa., the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the Company under no consideration whatever will insure any frame building in any town or block in the borough of Bradford or any other town. And that the business of said Company be principally confined to detached dwellings and detwtchen mercantile property and their contents, and other non-hazardous insurable property.

I. H. HILLIARD, Secy.

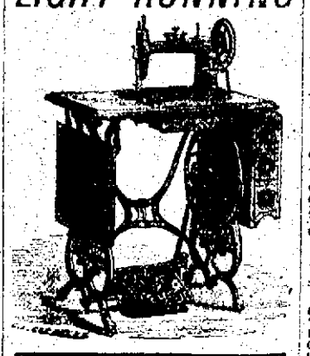
GET YOUR PRINTING AT THE MINER OFFICE.

SEWING MACHINES, &c.

HEALTHFUL, PRACTICAL.

A FAMILY FRIEND.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING



DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Cutest Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journal.

It does not Fatigue!!!
It does not make you Nervous!!!

LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS.

None run it but to love it;
None know it but to praise.

THE "DOMESTIC"

Is the most *desirable* and efficient machine made, for these reasons?

It is made of the *choicest materials*, and by the *best workmen*.

It is the *simplest* in construction, and *most reliable* in its action.

It requires almost *no adjusting*, and yet does *every* variety of work.

It is *noiseless, rapid*, and will *outwear* any other machine.

It is the *easiest running* of machines, and *saves muscle* and *nerves*, which are more valuable than money.

It has *never* failed to give *perfect satisfaction*.

Every machine *warranted*.

☞ Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.

Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co.,
NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,
"Domestic" PAPER Fashions,
"Domestic" Paper FASHIONS,

The most stylish and best fitting,

In endless variety. Send 5 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
"Domestic MONTHLY,"
"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
"Domestic MONTHLY,"

An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Polite Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM.

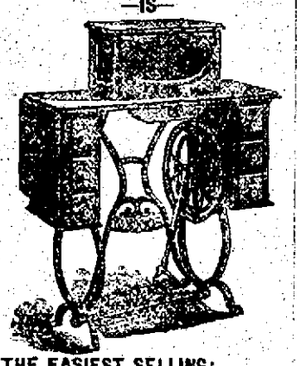
Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

DOMESTIC Sewing Machine Co.,

HOME OFFICE,

Broadway and 14th St., New York.

The White IS



THE EASIEST SELLING;
THE BEST SATISFYING

Sewing Machine.

Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered so cheap now-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after use) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.

IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.

IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE A FORESAID MACHINES.

ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.

ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

Do not Buy any other before trying THE WHITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,

CLEVELAND, O.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. N. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus in the borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week, after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR, }
D. C. YOUNG, } Executors.
P. N. TAYLOR. }

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 16, 1876.-tf

LINES OF TRAVEL.

SMETHPORT OMNIBUS LINE.

To and from all regular Trains.

Omnibus, until further notice, will leave the Bennett House and Wright House as follows:

8:00 and 11:40 a m
1:50 and 8:30 p.m

All orders left at the post office or either of the above hotels will receive prompt attention.

F. VICKERY, Proprietor.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD

Time table went into effect Monday, July 15, 1878, at 5 30 o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Larrabee, Lve.	11.33 a.m.	6:30 a.m	3.35pm
Frisbee	11.40 "	5.36 "	3.35 "
Cory	11.42 "	.....	3.41 "
Farmers Valley	11.51	5.48 "	3.51 "
Smethport	12.05	6.00 "	4.00 "
Crosby	12.15 "	6.10 "	.....
Colegrove	12.18 "	6.21 "	.....
Hamlin	12.22 "	6.26 "	.....
Werowag	12.26 "	6.40 "	.....
Clermont, Arr.	12.35	7.00	.....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Clermont, Lve.	1.20 p.m	7.20 a.m	.....
Werowag	1.30 "	7.30 "	.....
Hamlin	1.36 "	7.50 "	.....
Colegrove	1.39	7.57	.....
Crosby	1.50 "	8.01 "	.....
Smethport, Arr.	2.05	8.25	9.05 pm
Farmers Valley	2.16	8.39	9.14 ....
Cory	2.26	.....	9.22 ....
Frisbee	2.28	8.51	9.25 ....
Larabee, Arr.	2.40	9.00	9.35 ....

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent

Olean, Bradford and Warren Railway Time-Table.

TRAINS LEAVE BRADFORD AS FOLLOWS:

6 30 a m, Express, arriving at Olean at 8 30 a m making close connections for Buffalo.

7 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 8 05.

10 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 11 05.

2 00 p m Mail arriving at Olean at 3 30 p m making close connection for Buffalo.

3 05 p m Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 3 30.

5 00 p m Express arriving at Olean at 6 30

5 30 p m Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 6 05.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT BRADFORD AT

8 35 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 8 10.

9 25 a m Express leaves Olean at 7 35.

11 45 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 11 15.

12 40 p m Mail leaves Olean at 10 50. Train leaving Buffalo at 7 24 on the B. N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

4 00 p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 4 00.

6 50 p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 2 20.

9 50 p m Express leaves Olean at 8 00. Train leaving Buffalo at 4 35 on B., N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

Bradford Branch

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	am	am	pm	pm	pm	pm
Carrollton, Lve	9 30	8 35	2 10	12 25	5 22	10 27
Limestone "	7 51	10 22	4 31	12 38	5 42	10 55
Rabcock "	10 03	10 50	4 43	12 48	5 50	....
Kendall "	10 12	11 30	4 52	12 57	6 00	11 12
Bradford, Arr	10 15	11 35	4 54	1 00	9 00	11 17
Bradford, Lve	10 45	.....	4 20	1 20	....	....
DeGolia "	11 05	.....	5 08	1 30	....	....
Custer City "	11 10	.....	5 10	1 35	....	....
Lewis Run "	11 25	.....	5 16	....	....	....
Big Shanty "	11 37	.....	5 28	....	....	....
Crawfords "	11 53	.....	5 41	....	....	....
Alton "	12 15	.....	4 51	....	....	....
Gilesville Arr	12 25	.....	5 15	....	....	....

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	pm	am	ats	pm	pm	pm
Gilesville, Lve	6 40	....	....	....	1 50	....
Alton "	6 46	....	....	....	1 56	....
Crawfords "	6 58	....	....	....	2 06	....
Big Shanty "	7 12	....	....	....	2 20	....
Lewis Run "	7 20	....	....	....	2 27	....
Custer City "	7 38	....	....	1 45	2 45	....
DeGolia "	7 33	....	....	1 50	2 50	....
Bradford, Arr	7 50	....	....	2 00	3 05	....
Bradford, Lve	8 00	6 20	6 27	2 22	3 20	6 20
Kendall "	8 05	6 26	6 33	2 28	3 28	6 26
Babcock "	8 13	6 31	6 39	2 32	3 33	....
Limestone "	8 24	6 39	7 00	2 39	3 48	6 47
Carrollton, Arr	8 45	7 00	7 35	3 00	4 05	7 20

SUNDAYS.

A train will leave Custer City at 9 45 a m, arriving at Carrollton 10 50 a m. Leave Carrollton 4 00 p m, arriving at Bradford 4 40, and Custer City 5 00 p m.

Trains 30 and 21 run daily.

☞ Through tickets to all points at the very lowest Rates, *for sale at the Company's office* at the depot.

Baggage will be checked only on tickets purchased at the Company's office.

JNO. N. ABBOTT,
General Passenger Agent, N. Y.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'Y.

March 5, 1878.

TRAINS RUN ON BUFFALO TIME.

NO TRAINS ON SUNDAY.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Buffalo 7:45 a. m.—Mail—Arriving at Ebenezer, 8.02; Springbrook, 8.20; Elma, 8.40; Jamison's, 8.55; Aurora, 8.30; Wales, 8.43; Holland, 8.53; Protection, 9.02; Arcade, 9.15; Yorkshire, 9.22; Machias, 9.30; Franklinville, 9.45; Ischua, 9.52; Hinsdale, 10.11; Erie R'y Junct., 10.25, Olean, 10.30; Weston's, 10.38; Portville, 10.55; State Line, 10.53; Eldred, 11.00; Larrabees, 11.16; Sartwell, 11.22; Turtle Point, 11.27; Port Allegany, 11.40; Liberty, 11.58; Keating, 12.05; Shippen, 12.22; P. M. Emporium, 12.35; connecting at Olean with Erie Railway East and Westward with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. for the New Oil Territory, arriving at Bradford at 12.15; p.m. at Larrabees with McKean & Buffalo R. R.; at Emporium with Philadelphia & Erie R. R.

Leave Buffalo 4:35 p. m.—Port Allegany Express—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.52; Springbrook, 5.02; Elma, 5.08; Jamison's, 5.15; Aurora, 5.24; Wales, 5.30; Holland, 5.46; Protection, 5.55; Arcade, 6.09; Yorkshire, 6.17; Machias, 6.26; Franklinville, 6.42; Ischua, 7.00; Hinsdale, 7.14; Erie R'y Junct, 7.27; Olean, 7.30; Westons, 7.40; Portville, 7.47; State Line, 7.56; Eldred, 8.11; Larrabees, 8.21; Sartwell, 8.27; Turtle Point, 8.32; Port Allegany, 8.45; p. m. connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 9.25 p.m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Port Allegany 6:00 a m.—Express—Arriving at Turtle Point, 6.40; Sartwell, 6.54; Larrabees, 6.58; Eldred, 7.12; State Line, 7.25; Portville, 7.34; Weston's, 7.42; Olean, 7.50; Erie R'y Junct, 8.04; Hinsdale, 8.18; Ischua, 8.31; Franklinville, 8.45; Machias, 9.03; Yorkshire, 9.15; Arcade, 9.25; Protection, 9.37; Holland, 9.47; Wales, 9.58; Aurora, 10.10; Buffalo, 10.50 a.m. The Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 8.00 a.m. makes direct connection at Olean with this train.

Leave Emporium 1:25 p.m.—Mail—Arriving at Shippen, 1.41; Keating, 1.58; Liberty, 2.07; Port Allegany, 2.25; Turtle Point, 2.38; Sartwell, 2.43; Larrabees, 2.50; Eldred, 3.00; State Line, 3.12; Portville, 3.20 Weston's, 3.28; Olean, 3.40; Erie R'y Junct., 3.44; Hinsdale, 3.55; Ischua, 4.10; Franklinville, 4.27; Machias, 4.41; Yorkshire, 4.55; Arcade, 5.06; Protection, 5.18; Holland, 5.27; Wales, 5.35; Aurora, 5.46; Jamisons's, 5.55; Elma, 6.57; Springbrook, 6.07; Ebenezer, 6.13; Buffalo, 6.30 p.m. P. & E. R. R. train from the East and South makes direct connection at Emporium with the above train, as also the McKean & Buffalo R. R. train at Larrabees, the Erie Railway trains from the East and West at Olean. Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 2.00 p.m.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, May 26th 1878, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL, leaves Philadelphia		11.55 p.m
" " "	Warren	4.45 p.m
" " "	Irvineton	5.00 p.m
" " "	Corry	6.00 p.m
" " "	arr. at Erie	7.35 p.m
ERIE ACCOM leaves Kane		7.00 a.m
" " "	Warren	7.45 a.m
" " "	Irvineton	8.00 a.m
" " "	Corry	9.10 a.m
" " "	arr. at Erie	10.35 a.m

EASTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11.20 a.m
" " "	Corry	1.10 p.m
" " "	Irvineton	2.05 p.m
" " "	Warren	2.20 p.m
" " "	arr. at Philadelphia	7.40 p.m
KANE ACCOM. leaves Erie		4.10 p.m
" " "	Corry	6.00 p.m
" " "	Irvineton	7.03 p.m
" " "	Warren	7.20 p.m
" " "	arr. at Kane	9.00 p.m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with P. T. & H. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with O. C. & A. & G. W. Rail Way.

Erie and Kane Accommodation with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. east and west, and at Corry with P. T. & H. R. W.

NOTE.—The leaving time at Erie by Philadelphia time, which is twenty minutes faster than Erie time.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Supt.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

THE ERIE RAILWAY

Will hereafter be known by its new name,

New York, Lake Erie & Western R.R'd

Abstract of Time Table, Adopted June 2, 1878.

PULLMAN'S BEST DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING COACHES, combining all Modern Improvements, are run through without change between Salamanca, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Susquenda Bridge, Elmira, Binghamton, Scranton, Chicago and New York. Hotel Dining Coaches between Chicago and New York.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	No. 8, †	No. 12.*	No. 4.	No. 6.
D'kirk, Lve	1.05 p. m	.....	7.05 p. m.	
Le Val. "	.....	2.05 "	.....	8.40 "
Salam'ca "	7.35am	3.55 p. m.	.....	9.12 "
Olean "	8.40	4.50 "	.....	10.01 "
Cuba "	9.07	5.30 "	.....	10.35 "
Genesee "	10.02	5.30 "	.....	11.42 "
Andover "	.....	.....	.....	12.05 pm
H'lle Lve	11.05am	6.35 p m	12.35am	1.50
Almira Arr.	1.05pm	8.47 "	2.20 "	4.20
Bing'ton "	2.54	10.53 "	4.35 "	7.39
P't Jervis "	7.15 "	3.38 a m	9.15 "	.....
New York "	10.25pm	7.25 a m	12.25pm	.....

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS EASTWARD.

5.30 a m, except Sundays, from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sheridan 5.47, Forrestville 6.05, Smith's Mills 6.30, Perrysburg 7.10, Dayton 7.37, Cattaraugus 8.01, Little Valley 8.30, Salamanca 10.17, West Valley 10.44, Carrollton 11.25, Vandalia 11.43, Allegany 12.31, p m, Olean 12.55, Hinsdale 1.20, Cuba 2.25, Friendship 2.55, Belvidere 3.15, Phillipsville 3.46, Scio 3.59, Genesee 5.07, Andover 6.05, Alfred 7.02, Almond 8.10, and arriving at Hornellsville at 8.50 p m.

9 20 a m, daily from Dunkirk. Stops at Sheridan 9 37, Forrestville 9 56, Smith's Mills 10 03, Perrysville 10 27, Dayton 10 40, Cattaraugus 11 03, Little Valley 11 17, Salamanca 11 45, Great Valley 11 56, Carrollton 12 40, Vandalia 12 57, Allegany 12 54, Olean 1 50 p m, Hinsdale 1 30, Cuba 2 22, Friendship 3 00, Belvidere 3 20, Phillipsville 3 35, Scio 3 55, Genesee 4 10, Andover 4 45, Alfred 5 19, Almond 5 34, arriving at Hornellsville at 5 55 p m.

9 15 p m, daily from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sheridan 9 31, Forrestville 9 42, Smith's Mills 9 50, Perrysville 10 10, Dayton 10 25, Cattaraugus 11 00, Little Valley 11 24, and arriving at Salamanca at 11 50 a m.

5 05 p m, daily from Dunkirk. Stops at all stations, arriving at Carrollton at 8 20 p m.

5 20 p m, except Sundays. From Carrollton. Stops at Vandalia 6 42, Allegany 6 45, Olean 6 55.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	No. 3.*	No. 9. †	No.
New Y'k L've	7.00 p.m.	7.00 p.m.	9.00a.m.
P't Jervis "	10.55 "	"	12.10 p m
H'lle Lve	8.15 am	12.20pm	8.55 pm
Andover L've	.....	1.06 p m	.....
Genesee "	9.17 "	1.54 "	9.37 pm
Cuba "	10.17 "	2.25 "	10.25 "
Olean "	10.40 "	2.50 "	11.15 "
G't Valley "	11.11 "	3.18 "	.....
Salamanca Arr.	11.30 "	3.42 "	11.50 "
Cleveland "	7.05 p m	.....	.....
Cincinnati "	6.00 a m	.....	.....
G't Valley L've.	11.37 p m	4.15 a m	12.22 am
Dunkirk Arr.	1.30 "	5.45 p m	3.30 "

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS WESTWARD

5.30 a m, except Sundays from Hornellsville, stopping at Almond 5.56, Alfred 6.25, Andover 7.10, Genesee 8.05, Scio 8.30, Phillipsville 8.53, Belvidere 9.45, Friendship 10.10, Cuba 11.17, Hinsdale 11.35, Olean 11.52, Allegany 11.45, p m, Allegany 12.40, Vandalia 1.25, Carrollton 2.05, Great Valley 2.35, Salamanca 4.10, Little Valley 5.00, Cattaraugus 5.32, Dayton 7.03, Perrysburg 7.19, Smith's Mills 7.55, Forrestville 8.17, Sheridan 8.37, and arriving at Dunkirk at 9.00 p m.

7 05 a m, from Carrollton, stops at all stations, arriving at Dunkirk at 8 35.

8 53 a m, except Sundays, from Olean, Allegany 9 40, Vandalia 9 01, arriving at Carrollton 9 10 p m.

4 00 p m, daily from Hornellsville, stops at all stations, arriving at Salamanca 10 50 p m.

Sundays train 1 will run between Salamanca and Dunkirk.

KENDALL & ELDRED R. R.

Time table adopted Aug. 15, 1878.

EASTWARD.

Stations.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a.m
Eldred, Arr.	3 10	5 55	9 40	9 05
Windfall	3 55	6 43	2 28	9 53
Prentice Vale	4 45	5 31	2 10	8 43
Duke Centre	4 34	7 25	2 14	8 35
Rixford	4 18	5 20	2 05	8 20
Summit City	12 46	4 02	1 40	8 13
Little Boyd	12 30	4 42	1 30	7 52
Dallas City	12 22	4 34	1 25	7 47
Sawyer City	12 05	4 28	1 15	7 35
Lafferty	11 50	4 15	1 05	7 28
Tarport	11 40	4 08	12 58	7 18
Bradford, Lv.	11 25	4 00	12 45	7 10

WESTWARD.

Stations.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	a.m
Bradford, Arr.	8 47	1 35	5 10	10 15
Tarport	8 42	1 27	5 05	10 02
Lafferty	8 37	1 20	4 55	9 50
Sawyer City	8 30	1 13	4 48	9 42
Dallas City	8 18	1 01	4 36	9 32
Little Boyd	8 13	12 56	4 31	9 15
Summit City	8 05	12 46	4 21	9 00
Rixford	7 51	12 19	3 53	8 32
Duke Centre	7 30	12 14	3 40	8 12
Prentice Vale	7 20	12 03	3 42	8 00
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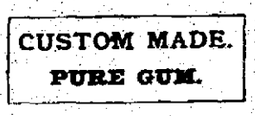

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